Buy Mitsubishi D700 VFD at MRO Stop - http://www.mrostop.com/resource-center/mitsubishi-d700-vfd

Changes for the Better





# **GLOBAL STANDARD**



Mitsubishi Electric Corporation Nagoya Works is a factory certified for ISO14001 (standards for environmental management systems) and ISO9001(standards for quality assurance management systems)



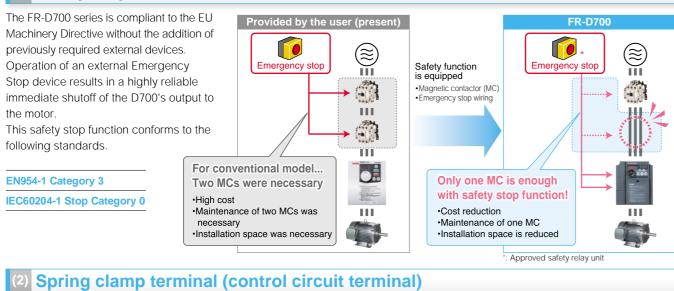
ORGANIZATION ISO 14001 UKAS ENVIRONMEENTAL MANAGEMENT ECOTUTI13 051

# GLOBAL STANDARD

# New standard of inverter

#### Highly reliable inverter!

# (1) Safety stop function



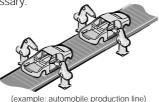
With spring terminals, the wiring became easier and more secure. : Main circuit terminal is screw terminal

> Easv wiring Wiring is completed only by inserting wires treated with bar terminal (max. diameter 1.5mm) Capable of wiring without a bar terminal.

#### Highly reliable

Spring structure in terminal contact section inside prevents contact fault by vibration.

Maintenance is unnecessary Screw retightening is unnecessary.



(4) Leading life check function

• Degrees of deterioration of main circuit capacitor, control circuit capacitor, and inrush current limit circuit can be monitored

• Trouble can be avoided with the self-diagnostic alarm\*4 that is output when the life span is near.

\*4: If any one of main circuit capacitor, control circuit capacitor, inrush current restriction circuit or cooling fan reaches the output level, an alarm is output. Capacity of the main circuit capacitor can be measured by setting parameter at a stop and turning the power from off to on. Measuring the capacity enables alarm to be output. The cooling fan outputs alarm by using fan speed detection

### 5) Password function

Registering 4-digit password can limit parameter read/write. It is effective for parameter setting protection

# Compact yet equipped with highest level of function/performance!!

# 150%/1Hz high starting torque by General -purpose magnetic flux vector control

General-purpose magnetic flux vector control and auto tuning function are available.

It ensures operation that requires high starting torque, such as transfer machine including conveyer, hoist, lift, etc., washing machine, and agitators.

• High torgue 150%/1Hz and 200%/3Hz (3.7K or less) are achieved with slip compensation function.

#### Auto tunina

Many kinds of motors can be optimally controlled with Mitsubishi original "non-rotation " auto tuning function. (R1 constants tuning)





(example)

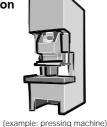
industrial washing machine)

# (3) Enhanced function

New functions and useful functions from superior models support all sorts of applications.

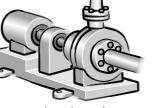
#### Regeneration avoidance function

For a pressing machine and fan rotated faster than the set speed due to the effect of another fan, a trip is less likely to occur by automatically increasing frequency at regeneration.



#### Optimum excitation control

This control enables the motor efficiency to its optimum. More energy saving is possible in applications with variable load torque characteristic such as fan and pump.



(example: air-conditioning fan)

Manufacture's Association

Long-life design

105°C surrounding air temperature\*1,\*2.

\*2: Output current : 80% of the inverter rated current

Life indication of critical components

it's ON/OFF control.

not a guaranteed value

1

Cooling fan

Main circuit smoothing capacitor

Printed board smoothing capacitor

• The design life of the cooling fan has been extended to 10

• The design life of the capacitors has been extended to 10

\*1: Surrounding air temperature : annual average 40°C (free from corrosive gas,

years by the adoption of a capacitor endures 5000 hours at

flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt) Since the design life is a calculated value, it is

10 years

10 vears

10 years

\*3: Excerpts from "Periodic check of the transistorized inverter" of JEMA (Japan Electrical

2 to 3 years

5 vears

5 years

years<sup>\*1</sup>. The life of the fan can be further extended utilizing the



(example: pump)

# 

# Features 2 Mitsubishi's new standard (As of April 2008) Standard specification (2) Brake resistor can be connected A brake transistor is built-in to the 0.4K or more. Connecting an optional brake resistor increases regeneration capability. It is useful for deceleration time reduction of a machine with a large inertia, such as fan, and operation of lift, etc. (example: automated storage) Power failure-time deceleration-to-stop function The motor can be decelerated to a stop when a power failure or undervoltage occur to prevent the motor from coasting.

For fail-safe of machine tool, etc., it is effective to stop the motor when a power failure occurs.



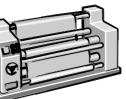
(example: spindle)

#### Dancer control

Entering position detection signal of dancer roll to use PID control enables tension control by dancer roll.

#### Traverse function

Traverse function for wind-up drum of spinning machine and wiredrawing machine prevents unevenness and deformation at thread winding.





example:	textile	machine)	

specifications
• Outline dimension drawings 7
<ul> <li>Terminal connection diagram</li> <li>Terminal specification explanation</li> </ul>
Operation panel     Parameter unit
Parameter list     16
Protective 23
Option and peripheral devices 24
<ul> <li>Precautions for operation/selection</li> <li>Precautions for peripheral device selection</li> </ul>
• FR-D700 Series Specification Difference List 32
• Warranty • International FA Center 33

# Easy use and time saving built-in as standard

### (1) Quick setup with the setting dial

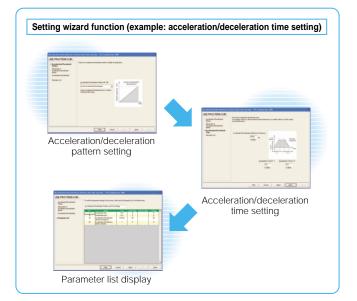
Setting dial is the feature of Mitsubishi inverters.

 Displayed numbers can be jumped by turning the setting dial quickly, and numbers can be changed one by one by turning it slowly, enabling speedy parameter setting. • The nonslip setting dial is easier to turn.



# Easy setting from a personal computer using the FR Configurator (option)

Connecting a personal computer and the inverter via RS-485 communication enables setting with wizard (interactive) function of the FR Configurator (inverter setup software). In addition, a parameter setting can be converted from the FR-S500 series to the FR-D700 series by "Convert" function. "Graph" function displays monitor data in waveform.



# **Enclosure surface operation panel** FR-PA07 (option)

Optional enclosure surface operation panel (FR-PA07) can be connected. In addition, an operation panel for the FR-E500

series can be connected.

The operation panel of the inverter can not be removed. A parameter unit connection cable (FR-CB20) is separately necessary.



# (4) Parameter unit FR-PU07 (option)

An optional parameter unit (FR-PU07) can be connected as well. A parameter unit connection cable (FR-CB20) is separately necessary.

• Setting such as direct input method with a numeric keypad, operation status indication, and help function are usable.

Eight languages can be displayed.

• Parameter setting values of maximum of three inverters can be stored.

• A battery pack type (FR-PU07BB(-L)) allows parameter setting and parameter copy without powering on the inverter. (available soon)

To use a parameter unit with battery pack (FR-PU07BB) outside Japan, order a "FR-PU07BB-L" (parameter unit type indicated on the package has L at the end).

# (5) Enhanced communication function

#### Mitsubishi inverter protocol and Modbus-RTU

Communication speed of RS-485 has been improved (communication at 38.4kbps is available) "Multi command mode" has been added to Mitsubishi inverter protocol (data processing time of the inverter has been reduced to 1/4) Supports Modbus RTU

# **Compact and space saving**

# (1) Easily replaceable compact body

Installation size is the same as that of the FR-S500 series which is the smallest model of the Mitsubishi inverter.



# (2) Side by side installation saves space

Space can be saved by side by side no clearance installation\* \*: Use the inverter at the surrounding air temperature of 40°C or less.



# **5** Easy maintenance

# (1) Easy replacement of cooling fan

A cooling fan is provided on top of the inverter of all capacities requiring a cooling fan (1.5K or more). A cooling fan can be easily

replaced without disconnecting main circuit wires.



# **Environment consciousness in global standard**

# (1) RoHS Directive compliant

Human and environment-friendly inverter in compliant with RoHS Directive.

RoHS Directive requires member nations to guarantee that new electrical and electronic equipment sold in the market after July 1, 2006 do not contain lead, cadmium, mercury, hexavalent chromium, polybrominated biphenyl (PBB) and polybrominated diphenyl ether (PBDF) flame retardants

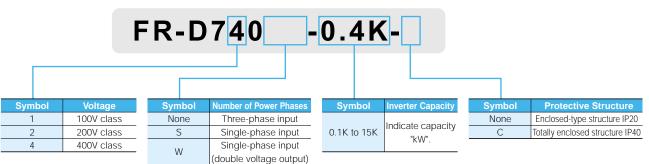
<G> mark indicating RoHS Directive compliance is printed on the package.

# (2) Filter pack FR-BFP2 (option)

Power factor improving DC reactor, zero phase reactor, and capacitative filter (radio noise filter), are frequently-used units for an air conditioning application. The filter pack combines those three units are available as an option.

# Lineup

The lineup of three phase 200V/400V class goes to 15K. • For a use in harsh environment, special unit with board coating is also available. Please contact our sales representative. • For the FR-D700 series, North American (NA), EU (EC), and Chinese (CHT) specifications also are supported. \*: This catalog explains based on the Japanese specifications. Consult our sales office for specifications of each country.



Power Supply	Inverter Type	Inverter Capacity	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	
Three phase		Enclosed structure (IP20)	•	•			•	•		•	•	0	0	
200V	FR-D720-□K	Totally-enclosed structure (IP40)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Three phase			Enclosed structure (IP20)	_	_	•		•	•		•	•	0	0
400V	FR-D740-□K	Totally-enclosed structure (IP40)	_	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Single phase 200V *	FR-D720S-□K	Enclosed structure (IP20)	•	•	•	•	•	•	_	_	_	_	_	
Single phase 100V *	FR-D710W-□K	Enclosed structure (IP20)	•	•	•	•	_		_	_	_	_	_	

: Output of the single-phase 200V and single-phase 100V input models is three-phase 200V.

FR-S540E-0.4K

3



# (2) Combed shaped wiring cover

Since a cover can be fitted after wiring, wiring work is easily done.



Outline Dimension Drawings

minal Connection Diagram ninal Specification Explanation

ame

# (3) EMC Directive compliant noise filter

Compliance to the EMC Directive of European Norm is easier.

• EMC filter integrated type will be added to the line (to be released).

- Noise filter option which is compatible with EMC Directive
- (EN61800-3 2nd Environment Category C3) is available.

# (4) Complies with UL, cUL, EN (LVD) standards



### Rating

#### • Three-phase 200V power supply

	Model FR-D720-□K(-C)∗6	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	
	Model FR-D720-□-NA	008	014	025	042	070	100	165	238	318	
App	blicable motor capacity (kW)*1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	
	Rated capacity (kVA)*2	0.3	0.6	1.0	1.7	2.8	4.0	6.6	9.5	12.7	
Output	Rated current (A)	0.8	1.4	2.5	4.2	7.0	10.0	16.5	23.8	31.8	
Overload current rating*3				150% 60	s, 200% 0.5	5s (inverse∙	-time chara	cteristics)			
_	Voltage*4	Three-phase 200 to 240V									
οly	Rated input AC voltage/frequency	Three-phase 200 to 240V 50Hz/60Hz									
supply	Permissible AC voltage fluctuation		170 to 264V 50Hz/60Hz								
er s	Permissible frequency fluctuation	±5%									
Power	Power supply capacity (kVA)*5	0.4	0.7	1.2	2.1	4.0	5.5	9.0	12.0	17.0	
Pro	tective structure (JEM1030)		Enc	losed type	(IP20). IP40	) for totally	enclosed s	structure se	eries.		
Coc	bling system		Self-c	ooling			For	ced air coo	oling		
Арр	proximate mass (kg)	0.5	0.5	0.8	1.0	1.4	1.4	1.8	3.6	3.6	

#### • Three-phase 400V power supply

Model FR-D740-□K(-C)∗6		0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5		
	Model FR-D740-□-NA	012	022	036	050	080	120	160		
	Model FR-D740-⊡-EC	012	022	036	050	080	120	160		
	Model FR-D740-⊟K-CHT	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5		
App	licable motor capacity (kW)*1	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5		
	Rated capacity (kVA)*2	0.9	1.7	2.7	3.8	6.1	9.1	12.2		
Output	Rated current (A)	1.2	2.2	3.6	5.0	8.0	12.0	16.0		
Out	Overload current rating*3	150% 60s, 200% 0.5s (inverse-time characteristics)								
	Voltage*4			Three-p	hase 380	to 480V				
Ыy	Rated input AC voltage/frequency	Three-phase 380 to 480V 50Hz/60Hz								
supply	Permissible AC voltage fluctuation	325 to 528V 50Hz/60Hz								
er s	Permissible frequency fluctuation				±5%					
Power :	Power supply capacity (kVA)*5	1.5	2.5	4.5	5.5	9.5	12.0	17.0		
Pro	tective structure (JEM1030)	Encl	osed type	(IP20). IP40	) for totally	enclosed s	structure se	ries.		
Coc	bling system	Self-c	ooling		For	ced air coo	ling			
App	proximate mass (kg)	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.5	3.3	3.3		

\*1 The applicable motor capacity indicated is the maximum capacity applicable for use of the Mitsubishi 4-pole standard motor.

\*2 The rated output capacity indicated assumes that the output voltage is 230V for three-phase 200V class and 440V for three-phase 400V class.

\*3 The % value of the overload current rating indicated is the ratio of the overload current to the inverter's rated output current. For repeated duty, allow time for the inverter and motor to return to or below the temperatures under 100% load.

\*4 The maximum output voltage does not exceed the power supply voltage. The maximum output voltage can be changed within the setting range. However,

the pulse voltage value of the inverter output side voltage remains unchanged at about  $\sqrt{2}$  that of the power supply.

\*5 The power supply capacity varies with the value of the power supply side inverter impedance (including those of the input reactor and cables).

\*6 Totally enclosed structure series ends with -C.

#### • Single-phase 200V power supply

	Model FR-D720S-⊟K	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	
	Model FR-D720S-⊡-NA	008	014	025	042	070	100	
	Model FR-D720S-□-EC	008	014	025	042	070	100	
	Model FR-D720S-⊡K-CHT	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	
Арр	blicable motor capacity (kW)*1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	
	Rated capacity (kVA)*2	0.3	0.6	1.0	1.7	2.8	4.0	
Output	Rated current (A)	0.8	1.4	2.5	4.2	7.0	10.0	
Out	Overload current rating*3	150% 60s, 200% 0.5s (inverse-time characteristics)						
	Voltage*4		Tł	nree-phase	200 to 240	V		
οlγ	Rated input AC voltage/frequency	Single-phase 200 to 240V 50Hz/60Hz						
supply	Permissible AC voltage fluctuation	170 to 264V 50Hz/60Hz						
er s	Permissible frequency fluctuation			±5	5%			
Power	Power supply capacity (kVA)*5	0.5	0.9	1.5	2.3	4.0	5.2	
Pro	Protective structure (JEM1030)			Enclosed t	ype (IP20).			
Coo	oling system	Self-cooling Forced air cooli					ir cooling	
Арр	proximate mass (kg)	0.5	0.5	0.9	1.1	1.5	2.0	

#### • Single-phase 100V power supply

	Model FR-D710W-⊟K	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	
	Model FR-D710W-⊡-NA	008	014	025	042	
App	licable motor capacity (kW)*1	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	
	Rated capacity (kVA)*2	0.3	0.6	1.0	1.7	
ŧ	Rated current (A)	0.8	1.4	2.5	4.2	
Output	Overload current rating*3		150% 60s,	200% 0.5s	;	
0	Ovendad current rating*3	(inverse-time characteristics)				
	Voltage	Three-phase 200 to 230V*6, *7				
ЛУ	Rated input AC voltage/frequency	Single-phase 100 to 115V 50Hz/60Hz				
ddn	Permissible AC voltage fluctuation	90 to 132V 50Hz/60Hz				
er s	Permissible frequency fluctuation	±5%				
Power supply	Power supply capacity (kVA)*5	0.5	0.9	1.5	2.5	
Pro	tective structure (JEM1030)		Enclosed t	ype (IP20).		
Coc	bling system		Self-c	ooling		
App	proximate mass (kg)	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.4	

\*1 The applicable motor capacity indicated is the maximum capacity applicable for use of the Mitsubishi 4-pole standard motor.

\*2 The rated output capacity indicated assumes that the output voltage is 230V.

\*3 The % value of the overload current rating indicated is the ratio of the overload current to the inverter's rated output current. For repeated duty, allow time for the inverter and motor to return to or below the temperatures under 100% load. If the automatic restart after instantaneous power failure function (*Pr. 57*) or power failure stop function (*Pr. 261*) is set and power supply voltage is low while load becomes bigger, the bus voltage decreases to power failure detection level and load of 100% or more may not be available.

\*4 The maximum output voltage does not exceed the power supply voltage. The maximum output voltage can be changed within the setting range. However,

the pulse voltage value of the inverter output side voltage remains unchanged at about  $\sqrt{2}\,$  that of the power supply.

\*5 The power supply capacity varies with the value of the power supply side inverter impedance (including those of the input reactor and cables).

\*6 For single-phase 100V power input model, the maximum output voltage is twice the amount of the power supply voltage and cannot be exceeded.

\*7 In a single-phase 100V power input model, the output voltage may fall down when the load is heavy, and larger output current may flow compared to a threephase input model. Use the motor with less load so that the output current is within the rated motor current range. Features

Standar Specificatio

Outline Dimension Drawings

Terminal Connectio Diagram Terminal Specificatio Explanation

Operation panel Parameter unit

> Parameter List

Protective Functions

Options

Instructions

FR-D700 Series Specification Difference List

# **Common specifications**

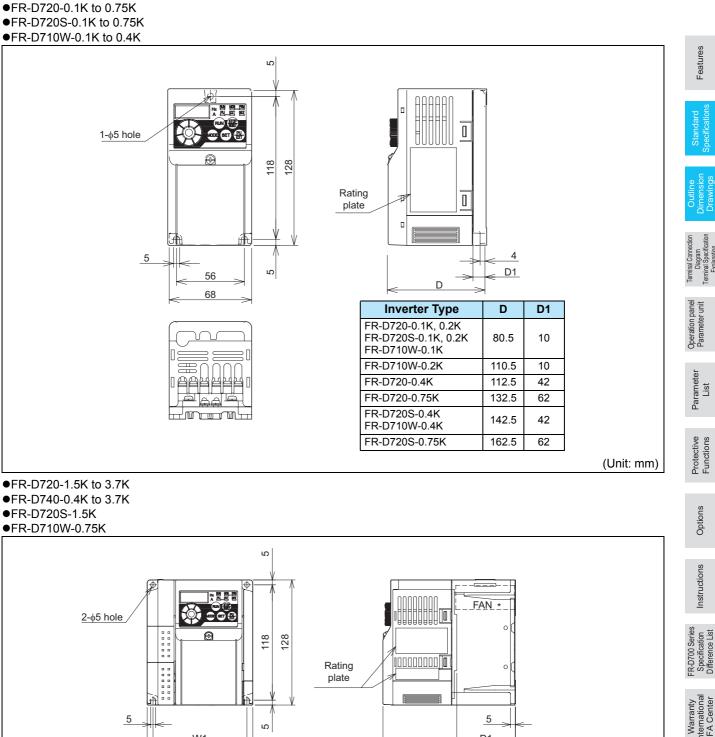
	С	ontrol method		Soft-PWM control/high carrier frequency PWM control (V/F control, General-purpose magnetic flux vector control, and Optimum excitation control are available)				
	0	utput frequency ra	200	0.2 to 400Hz				
		utput frequency ra	ange	0.2 to 400Hz 0.06Hz/60Hz (terminal2, 4: 0 to 10V/10bit)				
		requency setting solution		0.12Hz/60Hz (terminal2, 4: 0 to 5V/9bit) 0.06Hz/60Hz (terminal4: 0 to 20mA/10bit)				
ns			Digital input	0.01Hz				
specifications	Fr		Analog input	Within ±1% of the max. output frequency (25°C ±10°C)				
ca			Digital input	Within 0.01% of the set output frequency				
cif	Vo	Voltage/frequency characteristics		Base frequency can be set from 0 to 400Hz. Constant-torque/variable torque pattern can be selected				
be	_	tarting torque		150% or more (at 1Hz)when General-purpose magnetic flux vector control and slip compensation is set				
	_	orque boost		Manual torque boost				
Control	-	cceleration/deceler		0.1 to 3600s (acceleration and deceleration can be set individually),				
ŭ				Linear and S-pattern acceleration/deceleration modes are available.				
				0.1K, 0.2K 150%, 0.4K, 0.75K 100%,				
i i	В	raking torque	Regenerative*1	1.5K 50%,				
				2.2K or more 20%				
			DC injection brake	Operation frequency (0 to 120Hz), operation time (0 to 10s), and operation voltage (0 to 30%) can be changed				
	St	tall prevention ope	eration level	Operation current level (0 to 200%), and whether to use the function or not can be selected				
				Two terminals				
			Analog input	Terminal 2: 0 to 10V and 0 to 5V are available				
	si	gnal	Disting in the	Terminal 4: 0 to 10V, 0 to 5V, and 4 to 20mA are available				
			Digital input	Digital input and frequency setting increments can be entered from operation panel or parameter unit.				
	St	tart signal		Forward and reverse rotation or start signal automatic self-holding input (3-wire input) can be selected.				
s	In	put signal (five ter	rminals)	Following signals can be assigned to Pr. 178 to Pr: 182 (input terminal function selection): multi-speed selection, remote setting, second function selection, terminal 4 input selection, JOG operation selection, PID control valid terminal, external thermal input, PU-External operation switchover, V/F switchover, output stop, start self-holding selection, forward rotation, reverse rotation command, inverter reset, PU-NET operation switchover, External-NET operation				
ication				switchover, command source switchover, inverter operation enable signal, and PU operation external interlock. Maximum/minimum frequency setting, frequency jump operation, external thermal relay input selection, automatic				
<b>Operation specifications</b>	0	Operational functions		restart after instantaneous power failure operation, forward/reverse rotation prevention, remote setting, second function, multi-speed operation, regeneration avoidance, slip compensation, operation mode selection, offline auto tuning function, PID control, computer link operation (RS-485), Optimum excitation control, power failure stop, speed smoothing control, Modbus-RTU				
Operatio	Output signal Open collector output (one terminal) Relay output (one terminal)			Following signals can be assigned to <i>Pr.190 and Pr.192 (output terminal function selection)</i> : inverter operation, up-to- frequency, overload alarm, output frequency detection, regenerative brake prealarm, electronic thermal relay function prealarm, inverter operation ready, output current detection, zero current detection, PID lower limit, PID upper limit, PID forward/reverse rotation output, fan alarm*2, heatsink overheat pre-alarm, deceleration at an instantaneous				
-		Operating status	\$	power failure, PID control activated, PID output interruption, during retry, life alarm, current average value monitor, remote output, alarm output, fault output, fault output 3, and maintenance timer alarm.				
		For meter Pulse train outr (MAX 2.4kHz: o		Following signals can be assigned to <i>Pr.54 FM terminal function selection</i> : output frequency, output current (steady), output voltage, frequency setting, converter output voltage, regenerative brake duty, electronic thermal relay function load factor, output current peak value, converter output voltage peak value, reference voltage output, motor load factor, PID set point, PID measured value, output power, PID deviation, motor thermal load factor, and inverter thermal load factor. Pulse train output (1440 pulses/s/full scale)				
				Following operating status can be displayed: output frequency, output current (steady), output voltage, frequency				
tion	0	peration panel	Operating status	setting, cumulative energization time, actual operation time, converter output voltage, regenerative brake duty, electronic thermal relay function load factor, output current peak value, converter output voltage peak value, motor load factor, PID set point, PID measured value, PID deviation, inverter I/O terminal monitor, output power, cumulative				
ndicat		arameter unit R-PU07)	Fault definition	power, motor thermal load factor, inverter thermal load factor, and PTC thermistor resistance. Fault definition is displayed when a fault occurs. Past 8 fault definitions (output voltage/current/frequency/cumulative				
5	ų.	,	Interactive	energization time right before the fault occurs) are stored.				
			guidance	Function (help) for operation guide *3				
	Protective/warning function Warning function			Overcurrent during acceleration, overcurrent during constant speed, overcurrent during deceleration, overvoltage during acceleration, overvoltage during constant speed, overvoltage during deceleration, inverter protection thermal operation, motor protection thermal operation, heatsink overheat, input phase loss *4 *5, output side earth (ground) fault overcurrent at start*4, output phase loss, external thermal relay operation *4, PTC thermistor operation*4, parameter error, PU disconnection, retry count excess *4, CPU fault, brake transistor alarm, inrush resistance overheat, analog input error, stall prevention operation, output current detection value exceeded *4, safety circuit fault				
				Fan alarm *2, overcurrent stall prevention overvoltage stall prevention, PU stop, parameter write error, regenerative brake prealarm *4, electronic thermal relay function prealarm, maintenance output *4, undervoltage, operation panel lock, password locked, inverter reset, safety stop				
ţ	c.	Surrounding air temperature		-10°C to +50°C maximum (non-freezing) (-10°C to +40°C for totally-enclosed structure feature) *6				
Environment	_	mbient humidity	iperature					
E			<b>0</b> *7	90%RH or less (non-condensing)				
iro	_	torage temperature		-20°C to +65°C				
Š		tmosphere		Indoors (without corrosive gas, flammable gas, oil mist, dust and dirt etc.) Maximum 1000m above sea level, 5.9m/s <sup>2</sup> or less at 10 to 55Hz (directions of X, Y, Z axes)				
_		Ititude/vibration						
*1 The braking torque indicated is a short-duration a				duration average torque (which varies with motor loss) when the motor alone is decelerated from 60Hz in the				

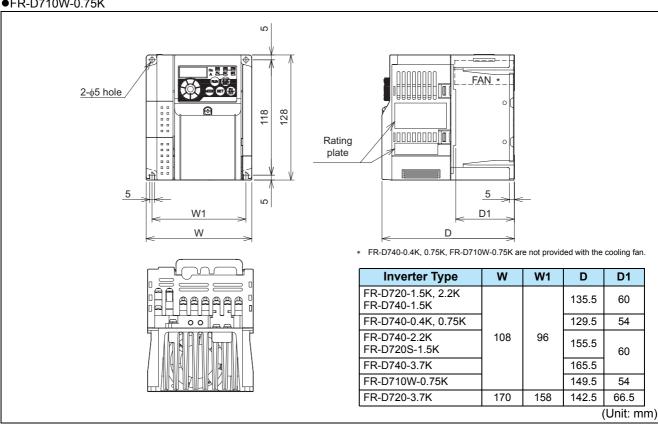
shortest time and is not a continuous regenerative torque. When the motor is decelerated from the frequency higher than the base frequency, the average deceleration torque will reduce. Since the inverter does not contain a brake resistor, use the optional brake resistor when regenerative energy is large. A brake unit (FR-BU2) may also be used. As the 0.75K or less are not provided with the cooling fan, this alarm does not function.

This operation guide is only available with option parameter unit (FR-PU07).

\*2 \*3 \*4 \*5 \*6 \*7 This protective function does not function in the initial status.

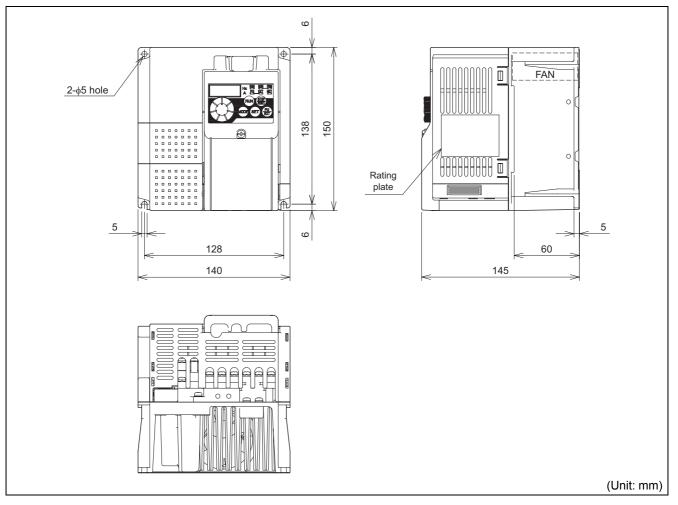
This protective function is available with the three-phase power input specification model only. When using the inverters at the surrounding air temperature of 40°C or less, the inverters can be installed closely attached (0cm clearance). Temperatures applicable for a short time, e.g. in transit.





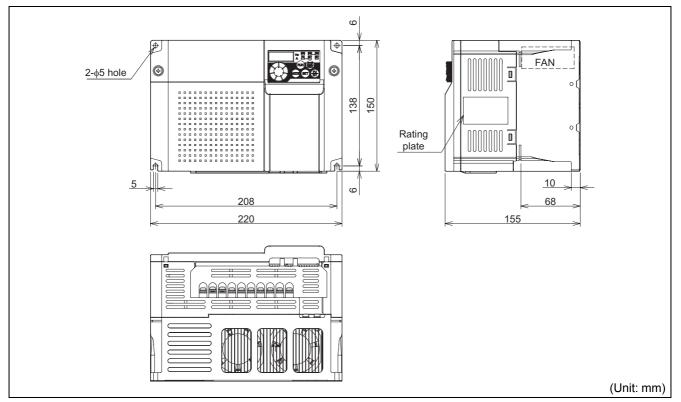
# $\operatorname{REQROL} D700$ series

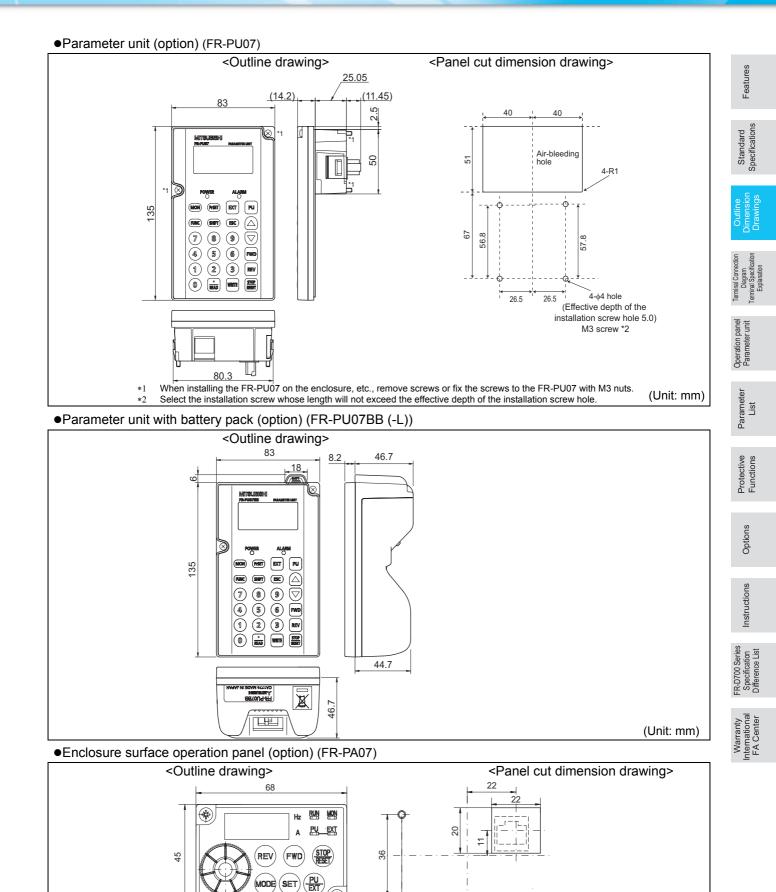
#### •FR-D720S-2.2K



•FR-D720-5.5K, 7.5K

•FR-D740-5.5K, 7.5K





÷

l 🍅

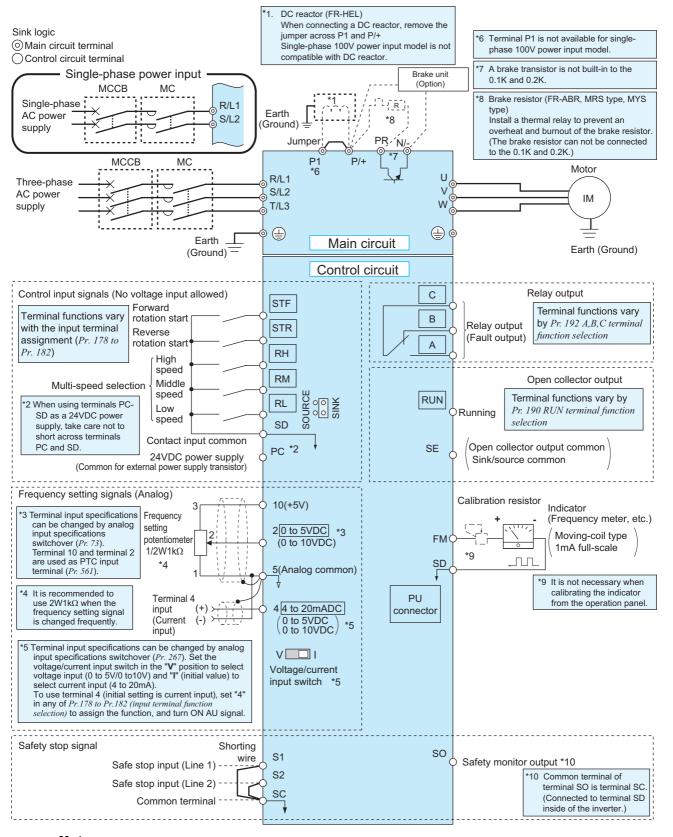
24 15.5 59

2-M3 screw

(Unit: mm)

# **Terminal Connection Diagram**

# REUROL D700 series



# Note

To prevent a malfunction caused by noise, separate the signal cables more than 10cm from the power cables. Also separate the main circuit wire of the input side and the output side.

After wiring, wire offcuts must not be left in the inverter.

Wire offcuts can cause an alarm, failure or malfunction. Always keep the inverter clean. When drilling mounting holes in an enclosure etc., take care not to allow chips and other foreign matter to enter the inverter.

• The output of the single-phase power input specification is three-phase 200V.

# **Terminal Specification Explanation**

# **REARCE D700 series**

	Туре	Terminal Symbol	Terminal Name	Description							
		R/L1, S/L2, T/L3 *	AC power input	Connect to the commercial power supply. Keep these terminals oper factor converter (FR-HC) or power regeneration common converter * When using single-phase power input, terminals are R/L1 and S/	(FR-CV).	Features					
	Ħ	U, V, W	Inverter output	Connect a three-phase squirrel-cage motor.	arminala D/L and DD	Feat					
	Main circuit	P/+, PR	Brake resistor connection	onnect a brake resistor (FR-ABR, MRS type, MYS type) across terminals P/+ and PR. The brake resistor can not be connected to the 0.1K and 0.2K.) onnect the brake unit (FR-BU2), power regeneration common converter (FR-CV) or high power							
	u L	P/+, N/-	Brake unit connection	actor converter (FR-HC).							
	Ma	P/+, P1 *	DC reactor connection	emove the jumper across terminals P/+-P1 and connect a DC reactor. ngle-phase 100V power input model is not compatible with DC reactor. Terminal P1 is not available for single-phase 100V power input model.							
			Earth (Ground)	or earthing (grounding) the inverter chassis. Must be earthed (grounded).							
		STF	Forward rotation start	Turn on the STF signal to start forward rotation and turn it off to stop.	When the STF and STR signals	Outline Dimension Drawings					
		STR	Reverse rotation start	rn on the STR signal to start reverse rotation and turn it off to stop. the stop command is given.							
		RH, RM, RL	Multi-speed selection	Multi-speed can be selected according to the combination of RH, R							
	t		Contact input common (sink) (initial setting)	Common terminal for contact input terminal (sink logic) and termina	al FM.	in in					
	Jinal Contact input	SD	External transistor common (source)	When connecting the transistor output (open collector output), such when source logic is selected, connect the external power supply co terminal to prevent a malfunction caused by undesirable currents.	ommon for transistor output to this	minal Connecti Diagram minal Specificat Exolanation					
	Con		24VDC power supply common	Common output terminal for 24VDC 0.1A power supply (PC terminal solated from terminals 5 and SE.		Te Te					
10 4.10	is ind	PC	External transistor common (sink) (initial setting)	When connecting the transistor output (open collector output), such when sink logic is selected, connect the external power supply com terminal to prevent a malfunction caused by undesirable currents.		Operation panel Parameter unit					
			Contact input common (source)         Common terminal for contact input terminal (source logic).           24VDC power supply         Can be used as 24VDC 0.1A power supply.			Operal Paran					
	control circulumput signa	10	Frequency setting power supply	Used as power supply when connecting potentiometer for frequenc (speed setting) from outside of the inverter.	y setting 5VDC permissible load current 10mA	_					
	Se Se	2	Frequency setting (voltage)	Inputting 0 to 5VDC (or 0 to 10V) provides the maximum output frequency at 5V (10V) and makes input and output proportional. Use <i>Pr: 73</i> to switch between input 0 to 5VDC (initial setting) and 0 to 10VDC input.	Input resistance $10k\Omega \pm 1k\Omega$ Permissible maximum voltage 20VDC	Parameter List					
	Frequency	4	Frequency setting (current)	Inputting 0 to 20mADC (or 0 to 5V / 0 to 10V) provides the maximum output frequency at 20mA makes input and output proportional. This input signal is valid only when the AU signal is on (terminal 2 input is invalid). Use <i>Pr.</i> 267 to switch from among input 4 to 20mA (initial setting), 0 to 5VDC and 0 to 10VDC. Set the voltage/current input switch in the "V" position to select voltage input (0 to 5V/0 to 10V).	Voltage input: Input resistance $10k\Omega \pm 1k\Omega$ Permissible maximum voltage 20VDC Current input: Input resistance $233\Omega \pm 5\Omega$ Maximum permissible current 30mA.	Protective Functions					
		5	Frequency setting common	Common terminal for the frequency setting signals (terminals 2 or 4		S					
010	thermistor	10 2	PTC thermistor input	For connecting PTC thermistor output. When PTC thermistor protection is valid ( $Pr. 561 \neq$ "9999"), terminal 2 is not available for frequency setting.	Adaptive PTC thermistor resistance: $500\Omega$ to $30k\Omega$	Options					
	Relay	A, B, C	Relay output (fault output)	1 changeover contact output indicates that the inverter fault occurs Fault: discontinuity across B-C (continuity across A-C), Normal: cor across A-C) Contact capacity 230VAC 0.3A (power factor = 0.4) 30	ntinuity across B-C (discontinuity	Instructions					
4	Pulse Open collector	RUN	Inverter running	Switched low when the inverter output frequency is equal to or higher than the starting frequency (initial value 0.5Hz). Switched high during stop or DC injection brake operation. (Low is when the open collector output transistor is ON (conducts). High is when the transistor is OFF (does not conduct).)	Permissible load 24VDC (Maximum 27VDC) 0.1A (a voltage drop is 3.4V maximum when the signal is on)	FR-D700 Series Specification Difference List					
, ie	Open	SE	Open collector output common	Common terminal of terminal RUN and FU.		R-D700 Specifi					
	Pulse	FM	For meter	Select one e.g. output frequency from monitor items. (Not output during inverter reset.) The output signal is proportional to the magnitude of the corresponding monitoring item.	Permissible load current 1mA 1440 pulses/s at 60Hz						
	Communication	-	PU connector	With the PU connector, RS-485 communication can be made. · Conforming standard: EIA-485 (RS-485) · Transmission format: Multi-drop link · Communication speed: 4800 to 38400bps · Overall extension: 500m		Warranty International FA Center					
		S1	Safe stop input (Line 1)	S1/S2 are safe stop signals for use with in conjunction with an appr S2 must be used in dual channel form. Inverter output is shutoff de							
	sign	S2	Safe stop input (Line 2)	between S1 and SC, S2 and SC. Remove the shorting wire before using between S1, S2 and SC ter							
	Safety stop signal	so	Safety monitor output (open collector output)	This is a status signal for the safety related input signals. Low indicates 'safe state' and high is 'drive enable or fault detected'. If high open, refer to Safety stop function instruction manual (BCN-A211508-000) (Low is when the open collector output transistor is ON (conducts). I (does not conduct).)	is indicated when both S1 and S2 are for diagnostics and repair action.						
	Sa	SC	Output shutoff terminal common	Common terminal for terminals S1, S2 and SO. Connected to termi	inal SD inside of the inverter.						



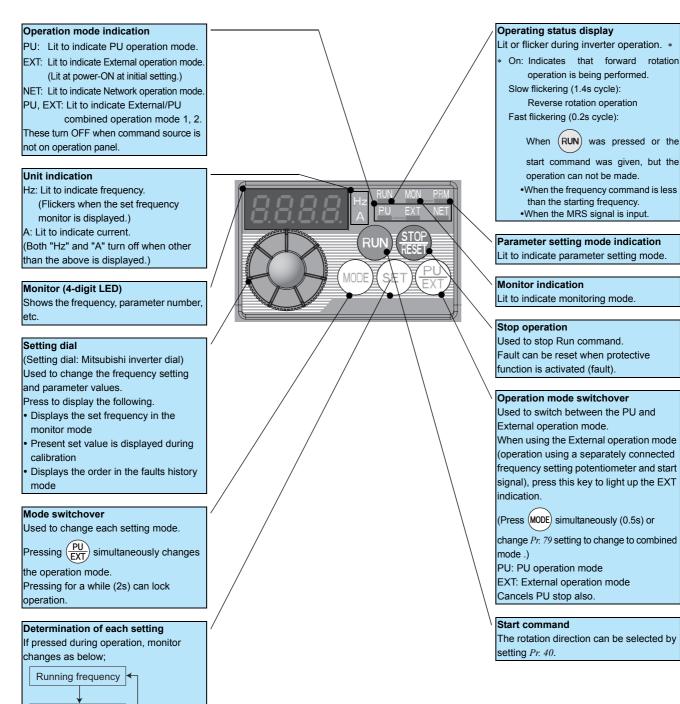
Set Pr. 267 and a voltage/current input switch correctly, then input an analog signal in accordance with the setting. Applying a voltage with voltage/current input switch in "I" position (current input is selected) or a current with switch in "V" position

(voltage input is selected) could cause component damage of the inverter or analog circuit of output devices. The inverter will be damaged if power is applied to the inverter output terminals (U, V, W). Never perform such wiring. indicates that terminal functions can be selected using *Pr. 178* to *Pr. 182, Pr. 190, Pr. 192 (I/O terminal function selection)*. • Terminal names and terminal functions are those of the factory set.

# **Explanation of the Operation Panel**

# $\mathbf{REROL} D700$ series

### The operation panel cannot be removed from the inverter.



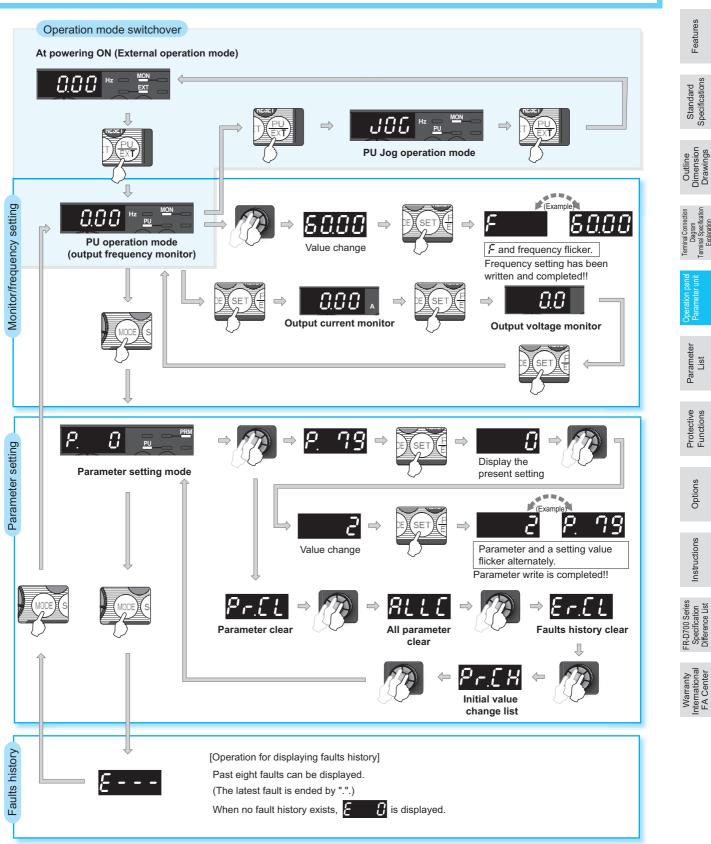
13

Output current

Output voltage

**REARCE D700 series** 

# Basic operation of the operation panel



### Parameter unit (FR-PU07), parameter unit with battery pack (FR-PU07BB(-L) (available soon))

V.a.

- · The parameter unit is a convenient tool for inverter setting such as direct input method with a numeric keypad, operation status indication, and help function.
- · Eight languages can be displayed.
- Parameter setting values of maximum of three inverters can be stored.
- With the FR-PU07BB(-L), parameter check and setting change can be made without connecting a power supply to the inverter. Use AA nickel hydride batteries, AA alkali batteries, or AC adapter separately available as power supply.
- · Since the shape is specially designed for portable use, it is easy to work with the FR-PU07BB(-L) in hand.
- \* The parameter unit connection cable FR-CB20□ is required for connecting to the inverter. (Parameter unit connection cable FR-CB203(3m) is enclosed with FR-PU07BB(-L).)
- \* To use a parameter unit with battery pack (FR-PU07BB) outside Japan, order a "FR-PU07BB-L" (parameter unit type indicated on the package has L at the end). Since enclosed batteries may conflict with laws in countries to be used (new EU Directive on batteries and accumulators, etc.), batteries are not enclosed with an FR-PU07BB-L.

POWER lamp Lit when the power turns on.

- Monitor
   Liquid crystal display
   (16 characters ×4 lines with backlight) Interactive parameter setting
- Trouble shooting guidance
  Monitor (frequency, current, power, etc.)



ALARM lamp Lit to indicate an inverter alarm occurrence.

**Operation keys** (Refer to the table on the right)



FR-PU07BB(-L)

Key	Description
PrSET	Use for parameter setting Press to choose the parameter setting mode.
MON	First priority monitor is displayed. In the initial setting, the output frequency is displayed.
ESC	Operation cancel key
FUNC	Used to display the function menu. A variety of functions can be used on the function menu.
SHIFT	Used to shift to the next item in the setting or monitoring mode.
0 to 9	Used to enter a frequency, parameter number or set value.
EXT	Inverter operates in the external operation mode.
PU	Used to select the PU operation mode to display the frequency setting screen.
	<ul> <li>Used to keep on increasing or decreasing the running frequency. Hold down to vary the frequency.</li> <li>Press either of these keys on the parameter setting mode screen to change the parameter setting value sequentially.</li> <li>On the selecting screen, these keys are used to move the cursor.</li> <li>Hold down (SHIFT) and press either of these keys to advance or return the display screen one page.</li> </ul>
FWD	Forward rotation command key.
REV	Reverse rotation command key.
STOP RESET	<ul><li>Stop command key.</li><li>Used to reset the inverter when an alarm occurs.</li></ul>
WRITE	<ul> <li>Used to write a set value in the setting mode.</li> <li>Used as a clear key in the all parameter clear or alarm history clear mode.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Used as a decimal point when entering numerical value.</li> <li>Used as a parameter number read key in the setting mode.</li> <li>Used as an item select key on the menu screen such as parameter list or monitoring list.</li> </ul>

Used as an alarm definition display key in the alarm history

Used as a command voltage read key in the calibration mode.

#### Main functions

Function	Description
Monitor	6 types of monitors appear by simply pressing (SHIFT).
	For PU operation mode and External/PU combined operation mode (Pr. 79 = "3"), frequency setting is available.
Frequency setting	Settings is performed by the direct setting, which sets frequency directly by (0) to (9), and the step setting, which
	sets frequency continuously by 🔺 💌.
Parameter Setting	Reading parameter and changing setting values are easily done. To change the setting value of an parameter, specify
Farameter Setting	the parameter number, or select a parameter from the functional parameter list.
	FR-PU07 (PU07BB) reads parameter settings of an inverter, and stores three different parameter settings.
Batch copy	FR-PU07 (PU07BB) can also copy the stored parameter setting to another inverter of the same series, or verify its
	stored parameter setting against the parameter setting stored in an inverter.
Operation	Switching between External operation mode [EXT] and PU operation mode [PU] is easy.
Operation	Start/stop is enabled during PU operation mode and External/PU operation mode (Pr.79 = "3").

display mode.

\* Available function differs by the inverter. Please refer to the instruction manual of the inverter and the parameter unit.

HUROL D700 series

# **Parameter List**

For simple variable-speed operation of the inverter, the initial setting of the parameters may be used as they are. Set the necessary parameters to meet the load and operational specifications. Parameter setting, change and check can be made from the operation panel. For details of parameters, refer to the instruction manual. This catalog explains based on the Japanese specifications.

# 

Only simple mode parameters are displayed by the initial setting of *Pr. 160 Extended function display selection*. Set *Pr. 160 Extended function display selection* as required.

Pr. 160	Description		
9999	Parameters classified as simple mode can be displayed.		
(initial value)	r arameters classified as simple mode can be displayed.		
0	Both the parameters classified as simple mode and the parameters		
U	classified as extended mode can be displayed.		

Parameter	Name	Unit	Initial	Pango	Application
Number	INdifie	Unit	Value	Range	Application
0	Torque boost	0.1%	6%/4%/3%*	0 to 30%	Set when you want to increase a starting torque under V/F control, or when the motor with a load will not rotate, resulting in an alarm [OL] and a trip [OC1]. * Initial values differ according to the inverter capacity. (0.75K or less/ 1.5K to 3.7K/5.5K, 7.5K)
1	Maximum frequency	0.01Hz	120Hz	0 to 120Hz	Set when the maximum output frequency need to be limited.
2	Minimum frequency	0.01Hz	0Hz	0 to 120Hz	Set when the minimum output frequency need to be limited.
3	Base frequency	0.01Hz	60Hz	0 to 400Hz	Set when the rated motor frequency is 50Hz. Check the motor rating plate.
4	Multi-speed setting (high speed)	0.01Hz	60Hz	0 to 400Hz	Set when changing the preset
5	Multi-speed setting (middle speed)	0.01Hz	30Hz	0 to 400Hz	speed in the parameter with a terminal.
6	Multi-speed setting (low speed)	0.01Hz	10Hz	0 to 400Hz	terminal.
7	Acceleration time	0.1s	5s/10s*	0 to 3600s	Acceleration/deceleration time can be set.
8	Deceleration time	0.1s	5s/10s*	0 to 3600s	<ul> <li>Initial values differ according to the inverter capacity. (3.7K or less/ 5.5K, 7.5K)</li> </ul>
9	Electronic thermal O/L relay	0.01A	Rated inverter current	0 to 500A	The inverter protects the motor from overheat. Set the rated motor current.
79	Operation mode selection	1	0	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7	Select the start command location and frequency setting location.
125	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency	0.01Hz	60Hz	0 to 400Hz	Frequency for the maximum value of the potentiometer (5V initial value) can be changed.
126	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency	0.01Hz	60Hz	0 to 400Hz	Frequency for the maximum current input (20mA initial value) can be changed.
160	Extended function display selection	1	9999	0, 9999	Parameter which can be read from the operation panel and parameter unit can be restricted.

Instructions

### • Extended mode parameter

# • REMARKS

• (a) indicates simple mode parameters.

• The shaded parameters in the table allow its setting to be changed during operation even if "0" (initial value) is set in *Pr. 77 Parameter write selection*.

Func- tion	Parameter Name		Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Customer Setting
	© 0	Torque boost	0 to 30%	0.1%	6/4/3% *1	
	© 1	Maximum frequency	0 to 120Hz	0.01Hz	120Hz	
	© 2	Minimum frequency	0 to 120Hz	0.01Hz	0Hz	
S	© 3	Base frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
Basic functions	© 4	Multi-speed setting (high speed)	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
nct	© 5	Multi-speed setting (middle speed)	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	30Hz	
c fu	© 6	Multi-speed setting (low speed)	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	10Hz	
asi	© 7	Acceleration time	0 to 3600s	0.1s	5/10s *2	
В	© 8	Deceleration time	0 to 3600s	0.1s	5/10s *2	
	© 9	Electronic thermal O/L relay	0 to 500A	0.01A	Rated inverter current	
tion	10	DC injection brake operation frequency	0 to 120Hz	0.01Hz	3Hz	
DC injection brake	11	DC injection brake operation time	0 to 10s	0.1s	0.5s	
DC	12	DC injection brake operation voltage	0 to 30%	0.1%	<b>6/4%</b> *3	
	13	Starting frequency	0 to 60Hz	0.01Hz	0.5Hz	
	14	Load pattern selection	0 to 3	1	0	
JOG operation	15	Jog frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	5Hz	
JC	16	Jog acceleration/deceleration time	0 to 3600s	0.1s	0.5s	
	17	MRS input selection	0, 2, 4	1	0	
	18	High speed maximum frequency	120 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	120Hz	
	19	Base frequency voltage	0 to 1000V, 8888, 9999	0.1V	9999	
Acceleration/ deceleration time	20	Acceleration/deceleration reference frequency	1 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
all ntion	22	Stall prevention operation level	0 to 200%	0.1%	150%	
Stall prevention	23	Stall prevention operation level compensation factor at double speed	0 to 200%, 9999	0.1%	9999	
7	24	Multi-speed setting (speed 4)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
ee(	25	Multi-speed setting (speed 5)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
ulti-spee setting	26	Multi-speed setting (speed 6)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
Multi-speed setting	27	Multi-speed setting (speed 7)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
_	29	Acceleration/deceleration pattern selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	
—	30	Regenerative function selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	
þ	31	Frequency jump 1A	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
jur	32	Frequency jump 1B	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
Frequency jump	33	Frequency jump 2A	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
uer	34	Frequency jump 2B	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
req	35	Frequency jump 3A	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
μĒ	36	Frequency jump 3B	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
	37	Speed display	0, 0.01 to 9998	0.001	0	
—	40	RUN key rotation direction selection	0, 1	1	0	
с С	41	Up-to-frequency sensitivity	0 to 100%	0.1%	10%	
uen ctic	42	Output frequency detection	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	6Hz	
Frequency detection	43	Output frequency detection for reverse rotation	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	

Func- tion	Parameter Name		Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Customer Setting
~	44	Second acceleration/deceleration time	0 to 3600s	0.1s	5/10s *2	
Suo	45	Second deceleration time	0 to 3600s, 9999	0.1s	9999	
ncti	46	Second torque boost	0 to 30%, 9999	0.1%	9999	
l fu	47	Second V/F (base frequency)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
Second functions	48	Second stall prevention operation current	0 to 200%, 9999	0.1%	9999	
S	51	Second electronic thermal O/L relay	0 to 500A, 9999	0.01A	9999	
ions	52	DU/PU main display data selection	0, 5, 8 to 12, 14, 20, 23 to 25, 52 to 55, 61, 62, 64, 100	1	0	
Monitor functions	54	FM terminal function selection	1 to 3, 5, 8 to 12, 14, 21, 24, 52, 53, 61, 62	1	1	
itor	55	Frequency monitoring reference	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
Moni	56	Current monitoring reference	0 to 500A	0.01A	Rated inverter current	
restart functions	57	Restart coasting time	0, 0.1 to 5s, 9999	0.1s	9999	
restart functions	58	Restart cushion time	0 to 60s	0.1s	1s	
_	59	Remote function selection	0, 1, 2, 3	1	0	
—	60	Energy saving control selection	0, 9	1	0	
_	65	Retry selection	0 to 5	1	0	
_	66	Stall prevention operation reduction starting frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
,	67	Number of retries at fault occurrence	0 to 10, 101 to 110	1	0	
Retry	68	Retry waiting time	0.1 to 600s	0.1s	1s	
R	69	Retry count display erase	0	1	0	
_	70	Special regenerative brake duty	0 to 30%	0.1%	0%	
	71	Applied motor	0, 1, 3, 13, 23, 40, 43, 50, 53	1	0	
—	72	PWM frequency selection	0 to 15	1	1	
	73	Analog input selection	0, 1, 10, 11	1	1	
_	74	Input filter time constant	0 to 8	1	1	
—	75	Reset selection/disconnected PU detection/PU stop selection	0 to 3, 14 to 17	1	14	
_	77	Parameter write selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	
_	78	Reverse rotation prevention selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	
_	© 79	Operation mode selection	0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7	1	0	
	80	Motor capacity	0.1 to 7.5kW, 9999	0.01kW	9999	1
nts	82	Motor excitation current	0 to 500A, 9999	0.01A	9999	
Motor constants	83	Rated motor voltage	0 to 1000V	0.1V	200V/400V *4	
or (	84	Rated motor frequency	10 to 120Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
Mot	90	Motor constant (R1)	0 to 50 $\Omega$ , 9999	0.001Ω	9999	
-	96	Auto tuning setting/status	0, 11, 21	1	0	
u	117	PU communication station number	0 to 31 (0 to 247)	1	0	
catio	118	PU communication speed	48, 96, 192, 384	1	192	
unic	119	PU communication stop bit length	0, 1, 10, 11	1	1	
JUUI	120	PU communication parity check	0, 1, 2	1	2	
con	121	Number of PU communication retries	0 to 10, 9999	1	1	
tor	122	PU communication check time interval	0, 0.1 to 999.8s, 9999	0.1s	0	
Dec	123	PU communication waiting time setting	0 to 150ms, 9999	1	9999	
PU connector communication	124	PU communication CR/LF selection	0, 1, 2	1	1	
-	© 125	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
_	©126	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	

# $\operatorname{REQROL} D700$ series

Features Standard Specifications

Outline Dimension Drawings

Terminal Connection Diagram Terminal Specification Explanation

Operation panel Parameter unit

Parameter List

Protective Functions

Options

Instructions

FR-D700 Series Specification Difference List

Warranty International FA Center

18

Func- tion	Parameter			Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Customer Setting
	127	PID control automatic switchover frequency	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
5	128	PID action selection	0, 20, 21, 40 to 43	1	0	
atic	129	PID proportional band	0.1 to 1000%, 9999	0.1%	100%	
per	130	PID integral time	0.1 to 3600s, 9999	0.1s	1s	
0	131 PID upper limit		0 to 100%, 9999	0.1%	9999	
ШЦ	132	PID lower limit	0 to 100%, 9999	0.1%	9999	
	133 PID action set point		0 to 100%, 9999	0.01%	9999	
	134	PID differential time	0.01 to 10s, 9999	0.01s	9999	
ΡU	145	PU display language selection	0 to 7	1	0	
—	146 *5	Built-in potentiometer switching	0, 1	1	1	
	150	Output current detection level	0 to 200%	0.1%	150%	
Current detection	151	Output current detection signal delay time	0 to 10s	0.1s	0s	
Cu dete	152	Zero current detection level	0 to 200%	0.1%	5%	
Ŭ	153	Zero current detection time	0 to 1s	0.01s	0.5s	
_	156	Stall prevention operation selection	0 to 31, 100, 101	1	0	
—	157	OL signal output timer	0 to 25s, 9999	0.1s	0s	
—	© 160	Extended function display selection	0, 9999	1	9999	
—	161	Frequency setting/key lock operation selection	0, 1, 10, 11	1	0	
c restart ons	162	Automatic restart after instantaneous power failure selection	0, 1, 10, 11	1	1	
Automatic restart functions	165	Stall prevention operation level for restart	0 to 200%	0.1%	150%	
detection	166	Output current detection signal retention time	0 to 10s, 9999	0.1s	0.1s	
Current detection	167	Output current detection operation selection	0, 1	1	0	
—	168	Parameter for manufacturer setting. Do	not sot			
_	169		101 3CL			
ative clear	170	Watt-hour meter clear	0, 10, 9999	1	9999	
Cumulative monitor clear	171	Operation hour meter clear	0, 9999	1	9999	
nction	178	STF terminal function selection	0 to 5, 7, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 24, 25, 60, 62, 65 to 67, 9999	1	60	
Input terminal function assignment	179	STR terminal function selection	0 to 5, 7, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 24, 25, 61, 62, 65 to 67, 9999	1	61	
t ter as:	180	RL terminal function selection	0 to 5, 7, 8, 10, 12,	1	0	
ndu	181	RM terminal function selection	14, 16, 18, 24, 25,	1	1	
-	182	RH terminal function selection	62, 65 to 67, 9999	1	2	

# $\operatorname{REQROL} D700$ series

Func- tion	Parameter	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Customer Setting
Output terminal function assignment	190	RUN terminal function selection	0, 1, 3, 4, 7, 8, 11 to 16, 25, 26, 46, 47, 64, 70, 80, 90, 91, 93, 95, 96, 98, 99, 100, 101, 103, 104, 107, 108, 111 to 116, 125, 126, 146, 147, 164, 170, 180, 190, 191, 193, 195, 196, 198, 199, 9999	1	0	
Output terminal fi	192	A,B,C terminal function selection	0, 1, 3, 4, 7, 8, 11 to 16, 25, 26, 46, 47, 64, 70, 80, 90, 91, 95, 96, 98, 99, 100, 101, 103, 104, 107, 108, 111 to 116, 125, 126, 146, 147, 164, 170, 180, 190, 191, 195, 196, 198, 199, 9999	1	99	
	232	Multi-speed setting (speed 8)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
bu	233	Multi-speed setting (speed 9)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
Multi-speed setting	234	Multi-speed setting (speed 10)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
s pa	235	Multi-speed setting (speed 11)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
рее	236	Multi-speed setting (speed 12)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
ti-s	237	Multi-speed setting (speed 13)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
Mul	238	Multi-speed setting (speed 14)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
-	239	Multi-speed setting (speed 15)	0 to 400Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	9999	
_	240	Soft-PWM operation selection	0, 1	1	1	
_	241	Analog input display unit switchover	0, 1	1	0	
_	244	Cooling fan operation selection	0, 1	1	1	
ttion	245	Rated slip	0 to 50%, 9999	0.01%	9999	
Slip compensation	246	Slip compensation time constant	0.01 to 10s	0.01s	0.5s	
соп	247	Constant-power range slip compensation selection	0, 9999	1	9999	
—	249	Earth (ground) fault detection at start	0, 1	1	0	
—	250	Stop selection	0 to 100s, 1000 to 1100s, 8888, 9999	0.1s	9999	
_	251	Output phase loss protection selection	0, 1	1	1	
<u>.</u>	255	Life alarm status display	(0 to 15)	1	0	
sou	256	Inrush current limit circuit life display	(0 to 100%)	1%	100%	
agr	257	Control circuit capacitor life display	(0 to 100%)	1%	100%	
Life diagnosis	258	Main circuit capacitor life display	(0 to 100%)	1%	100%	
Lif	259	Main circuit capacitor life measuring	0, 1 (2, 3, 8, 9)	1	0	
_	260	PWM frequency automatic switchover	0, 1	1	0	
Power failure stop	261	Power failure stop selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	
_	267	Terminal 4 input selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	
—	268	Monitor decimal digits selection	0, 1, 9999	1	9999	
—	269	Parameter for manufacturer setting. Do				
—	295	Magnitude of frequency change setting	0, 0.01, 0.10, 1.00, 10.00	0.01	0	
Password function	296	Password lock level	1 to 6, 101 to 106, 9999	1	9999	
Password function	297	Password lock/unlock	1000 to 9999 (0 to 5, 9999)	1	9999	
—	298	Frequency search gain	0 to 32767, 9999	1	9999	
_	299	Rotation direction detection selection at restarting	0, 1, 9999	1	0	

Features

Standard Specifications

Outline Dimension Drawings

Terminal Connection Diagram Terminal Specification Explanation

Operation panel Parameter unit

> Parameter List

Protective Functions

Options

Instructions

FR-D700 Series Specification Difference List

Warranty International FA Center

Func- tion	Parameter	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Customer Setting
ation	source		0, 1	1	0	
nunica	339	Communication speed command source	0, 1, 2	1	0	
mr	340	Communication startup mode selection	0, 1, 10	1	0	
RS-485 communication	342	Communication EEPROM write selection	0, 1	1	0	
RS-4	343	Communication error count	—	1	0	
Second motor constant	450	Second applied motor	0, 1, 9999	1	9999	
Remote Output	495	Remote output selection	0, 1, 10, 11	1	0	
Rer Ou	496	Remote output data 1	0 to 4095	1	0	
—	502	Stop mode selection at communication error	0, 1, 2	1	0	
Maintenance	503	Maintenance timer	0 (1 to 9998)	1	0	
Mainte	504	Maintenance timer alarm output set time	0 to 9998, 9999	1	9999	
ition	549	Protocol selection	0, 1	1	0	
Communication	551	PU mode operation command source selection	2, 4, 9999	1	9999	
rage or	555	Current average time	0.1 to 1s	0.1s	1s	
Current average time monitor	556	Data output mask time	0 to 20s	0.1s	0s	
Curr tin	557	Current average value monitor signal output reference current	0 to 500A	0.01A	Rated inverter current	
—	561	PTC thermistor protection level	0.5 to 30k $\Omega$ , 9999	0.01Ω	9999	
—	563	Energization time carrying-over times	(0 to 65535)	1	0	
—	564	Operating time carrying-over times	(0 to 65535)	1	0	
—	571	Holding time at a start	0 to 10s, 9999	0.1s	9999	
) tion	575	Output interruption detection time	0 to 3600s, 9999	0.1s	1s	
PID operation	576	Output interruption detection level	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	0Hz	
0	577	Output interruption cancel level	900 to 1100%	0.1%	1000%	
	611	Acceleration time at a restart	0 to 3600s, 9999	0.1s	9999	
	653	Speed smoothing control	0 to 200%	0.1%	0	
	665	Regeneration avoidance frequency gain	0 to 200%	0.1%	100	
Protective functions	<b>872</b> *7	Input phase loss protection selection	0, 1	1	0	
ance	882	Regeneration avoidance operation selection	0, 1, 2	1	0	
avoida	883	Regeneration avoidance operation level	300 to 800V	0.1V	400VDC/ 780VDC *4	
ration av function	885	Regeneration avoidance compensation frequency limit value	0 to 10Hz, 9999	0.01Hz	6Hz	
Regeneration avoidance function	886	Regeneration avoidance voltage gain	0 to 200%	0.1%	100%	

FREQROL D	700 series
-----------	------------

Func- tion	Parameter	Name	Setting Range	Minimum Setting Increments	Initial Value	Customer Setting
Free rameter	Image: bit with the second s		0 to 9999	1	9999	
Fro	889	Free parameter 2	0 to 9999	1	9999	
-	891	Cumulative power monitor digit shifted times	0 to 4, 9999	1	9999	
	C0 (900) *6	FM terminal calibration	—	_		
	C2 (902) *6	Terminal 2 frequency setting bias frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	0Hz	
	C3 (902) *6	Terminal 2 frequency setting bias	0 to 300%	0.1%	0%	
	125 (903) *6	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
S	C4 (903) *6	Terminal 2 frequency setting gain	0 to 300%	0.1%	100%	
Calibration parameters	C5 (904) *6	Terminal 4 frequency setting bias frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	0Hz	
on para	C6 (904) *6	Terminal 4 frequency setting bias	0 to 300%	0.1%	20%	
alibratic	126 (905) *6	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain frequency	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
ö	C7 (905) *6	Terminal 4 frequency setting gain	0 to 300%	0.1%	100%	
	C22 (922) *5*6	Frequency setting voltage bias frequency (built-in potentiometer)	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	0	
	C23 (922) *5*6	Frequency setting voltage bias (built-in potentiometer)	0 to 300%	0.1%	0	
	C24 (923) *5*6	Frequency setting voltage gain frequency (built-in potentiometer)	0 to 400Hz	0.01Hz	60Hz	
	C25 (923) *5*6	Frequency setting voltage gain (built-in potentiometer)	0 to 300%	0.1%	100%	
	990	PU buzzer control	0, 1	1	1	
PU	991	PU contrast adjustment	0 to 63	1	58	
rs e list	Pr.CL	Parameter clear	0, 1	1	0	
Clear parameters tial value change l	ALLC	All parameter clear	0, 1	1	0	
ar para /alue c	Er.CL	Faults history clear	0, 1	1	0	
Clear parameters Initial value change list	Pr.CH	Initial value change list	—	—	_	

\*1 Differ according to capacities.

6%: 0.75K or less

4%: 1.5K to 3.7K 3%: 5.5K, 7.5K

\*2 Differ according to capacities. 5s: 3.7K or less 10s: 5.5K, 7.5K

\*3 Differ according to capacities.

6%: 0.1K, 0.2K 4%: 0.4K to 7.5K

\*4 The initial value differs according to the voltage class. (100Vclass, 200V class / 400V class)

\*5 Set this parameter when calibrating the operation panel built-in potentiometer for the FR-E500 series operation panel (PA02) connected with cable.

\*6 The parameter number in parentheses is the one for use with the operation panel (PA02) for the FR-E500 series or parameter unit (FR-PU04/ FR-PU07).

\*7 Available only for the three-phase power input specification model.

Standard Specifications

Outline Dimension Drawings

Terminal Connection Diagram Terminal Specification Explanation

Operation panel Parameter unit

> aramete List

Options

Instructions

# **Protective Functions**

# HUROLD700 series

When a fault occurs, the inverter trips and the PU display automatically changes to any of the following fault or alarm indications.

	Function Name	Description	Display
Ð	Operation panel lock	Appears when operation was tried during operation panel lock.	HOLd
sage	Password locked	Appears when a password restricted parameter is read/written.	L0CJ
Error message *2	Parameter write error	Appears when an error occurred during parameter writing.	Er Ito Er 4
ш	Inverter reset	Appears when the RES signal is on.	Err.
	Stall prevention (overcurrent)	Appears during overcurrent stall prevention.	0L
	Stall prevention (overvoltage)	Appears during overvoltage stall prevention. Appears while the regeneration avoidance function is activated.	οί
sőı	Regenerative brake prealarm *7	Appears if the regenerative brake duty reaches or exceeds 85% of the <i>Pr. 70 Special regenerative brake duty</i> value. If the regenerative brake duty reaches 100%, a regenerative overvoltage (E. OV_) occurs.	rb
Warnings *3	Electronic thermal relay function prealarm	Appears when the electronic thermal O/L relay has reached 85% of the specified value.	ſĦ
Ň	PU stop	Appears when (STOP) on the operation panel was pressed during external operation.	PS
	Maintenance signal output *7	Appears when the cumulative energization time has exceeded the maintenance output timer set value.	nr
	Undervoltage	Appears when the main circuit power became low voltage.	Uυ
Alarms *4	Fan alarm	Appears when the cooling fan remains stopped when operation is required or when the speed has decreased.	Fn
	Overcurrent trip during acceleration	Appears when an overcurrent occurred during acceleration.	E.0C I
	Overcurrent trip during constant speed	Appears when an overcurrent occurred during constant speed operation.	5 30.3
	Overcurrent trip during deceleration or stop	Appears when an overcurrent occurred during deceleration and at a stop.	E.DC 3
	Regenerative overvoltage trip during acceleration	Appears when an overvoltage occurred during acceleration.	E.0 u I
	Regenerative overvoltage trip during constant speed	Appears when an overvoltage occurred during constant speed operation.	5.002
	Regenerative overvoltage trip during deceleration or stop	Appears when an overvoltage occurred during deceleration and at a stop.	£.0 J 3
	Inverter overload trip (electronic thermal relay function)	Appears when the electronic thermal relay function for inverter element protection was activated.	εΓΗΓ
	Motor overload trip (electronic thermal relay function) *1	Appears when the electronic thermal relay function for motor protection was activated.	6,5 НП
	Fin overheat	Appears when the heatsink overheated.	- E.F.L. n
	Input phase loss *7 *8*9	Appears if one of the three phases on the inverter input side opened. It may function if phase-to- phase voltage of the three-phase power input becomes largely unbalanced.	EJ LF
	Stall prevention	Appears when the output frequency drops to 1Hz as a result of deceleration due to the excess motor load.	E.OL F
	Brake transistor alarm detection	This function stops the inverter output if an alarm occurs in the brake circuit, e.g. damaged brake transistors. In this case, the inverter must be powered off immediately.	Е. БЕ
Fault *5	Output side earth (ground) fault overcurrent at start *7	Appears when an earth (ground) fault occurred on the inverter's output side. (detects only at a start)	E. GF
Ľ	Output phase loss	If one of the three phases (U, V, W) on the inverter's output side (load side) is lost during inverter operation (except during DC injection brake operation and when output frequency is under 1Hz), inverter stops the output.	E. LF
	External thermal relay operation *6 *7	Appears when the external thermal relay connected to the OH signal was activated.	E.0HF
	PTC thermistor operation *7	Appears when resistance of PTC thermistor connected between terminal 2 and terminal 10 is more than the value set in <i>Pr. 561 PTC thermistor protection level</i> .	ε.ΡΓΕ
	Parameter storage device fault	Appears when operation of the element where parameters stored became abnormal. (control board)	E. PE
	PU disconnection	Appears when a communication error between the PU and inverter occurred, the communication interval exceeded the permissible time during the RS-485 communication with the PU connector, or communication errors exceeded the number of retries during the RS-485 communication.	E.PUE
	Retry count excess *7	Appears when the operation was not restarted within the set number of retries.	E.r. E.F
	CPU fault	Appears during the CPU and peripheral circuit errors occurred.	Е. S / Е.С.Р.U
	Output current detection value exceeded *7	Appears when output current exceeded the output current detection level set by the parameter.	8.C d D
	Inrush current limit circuit fault	Appears when the resistor of the inrush current limit circuit overheated.	ЕЈ ОН
	Analog input fault	Appears if voltage(current) is input to terminal 4 when the setting in <i>Pr.267 Terminal 4 input selection</i> and the setting of voltage/current input switch are different.	E.RT E
	Safety circuit fault	Appears when safety circuit is malfunctioning.	E.SRF
			_

\*1 Resetting the inverter initializes the internal thermal integrated data of the electronic thermal relay function.

\*2 The error message shows an operational error. The inverter output is not shut off.

\*3 Warnings are messages given before fault occur. The inverter output is not shut off.

\*4 Alarms warn the operator of failures with output signals. The inverter output is not shut off.

\*5 When faults occur, the protective functions are activated to inverter trip and output the fault signals.

\*6 The external thermal operates only when the OH signal is set in Pr. 178 to Pr. 182 (input terminal function selection).

\*7 This protective function does not function in the initial status.

\*8 Protective function activates when *Pr*.872 Input phase loss protection selection = "1".

\*9 This protective function is available with the three-phase power input specification model only.

# **Option list**

By fitting the following options to the inverter, the inverter is provided with more functions.

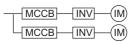
ications, Specifica	able :er	Features	
it with LCD display	nong		
bles parameter setting v	nong soon)	Standard Specifications	
bles inverter operation	nong		
FR-CB20□       Cable for connection of operation panel or parameter unit       a         □ indicates a cable length. (1m, 3m, 5m)       a			
n on DIN rail	e with	Outline Dimension Drawings	
luction and inverter inp x. 88%)	to	ation	
luction and inverter inp x. 93%)		leminal Connection Diagram Terminal Specification Explanation	
0-3 C3) compliant noise	ording s	Termi	
n (connect to the input s	nong	nit ne	
		Operation panel Parameter unit	
actor improving DC rea	e t vith ger	Parameter Oper List Para	
erative braking capabili	the ore	Para	
erative braking capabili		ର ସ	
ig capability of the inve charge resistor and res	K or	Protective Functions	
otor-generated braking erter system	to	Options	
nverter switches the co waveform into a sine v abination with the stand		tions	
rge voltage on motor	ording es the	Instructions	
		ies n ist	
on. With frequency meter		FR-D700 Series Specification Difference List	
on (1.5VA) by external		Spe Spe Diffe	
g, among high, middle			
lows operation to be co		Warranty International FA Center	
ratios of five inverters on a pilot generator (PG)		FA FA	
or parallel operation of		_	
nables acceleration/de	nong		
ntrol operation. Used ir			
r or arithmetic amplifie			
0V/35VAC 500Hz (at 2			
ntrol operation (mecha			
ire-wound 2W 1k $\Omega$ type			
ter (graduated to 120H			
bration. Carbon film typ			
tup to maintenance.	nong		
nables acceleration/de introl operation. Used in * r or arithmetic amplifie 0V/35VAC 500Hz (at 2 introl operation (mecha ire-wound 2W 1kΩ type ter (graduated to 120H bration. Carbon film type			

Rated power consumption. The power supply specifications of the FR series manual controllers and speed controllers are 200VAC 50Hz, 220V/220VAC 60Hz, \* and 115VAC 60Hz.

			Moulded Case Circuit or Earth Leakage Curr			netic or (MC)*3		ables,	Rea	ctor
	Inverter type	Motor Output	Reactor co	nnection	Reactor c	onnection	etc. (n	nm²)∗5		
		(kW)	Without	With	Without	With	R/L1, S/L2, T/L3*4	U, V, W	FR-HAL	FR-HEL
	FR-D720-0.1K	0.1	30AF 5A	30AF 5A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	0.4K *7	0.4K *7
	FR-D720-0.2K	0.2	30AF 5A	30AF 5A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	0.4K *7	0.4K *7
200	FR-D720-0.4K	0.4	30AF 5A	30AF 5A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	0.4K	0.4K
Three-Phase 200V	FR-D720-0.75K	0.75	30AF 10A	30AF 5A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	0.75K	0.75K
has	FR-D720-1.5K	1.5	30AF 15A	30AF 10A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	1.5K	1.5K
е-Р	FR-D720-2.2K	2.2	30AF 20A	30AF 15A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	2.2K	2.2K
Thre	FR-D720-3.7K	3.7	30AF 30A	30AF 30A	S-N20, S-N21	S-N10	3.5	3.5	3.7K	3.7K
	FR-D720-5.5K	5.5	50AF 50A	50AF 40A	S-N20, S-N21	S-N20, S-N21	5.5	5.5	5.5K	5.5K
	FR-D720-7.5K	7.5	100AF 60A	50AF 50A	S-N25	S-N20, S-N21	14	8	7.5K	7.5K
	FR-D740-0.4K	0.4	30AF 5A	30AF 5A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	H0.4K	H0.4K
200	FR-D740-0.75K	0.75	30AF 5A	30AF 5A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	H0.75K	H0.75K
e 4	FR-D740-1.5K	1.5	30AF 10A	30AF 10A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	H1.5K	H1.5K
Three-phase 400V	FR-D740-2.2K	2.2	30AF 15A	30AF 10A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	H2.2K	H2.2K
e-p	FR-D740-3.7K	3.7	30AF 20A	30AF 15A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	H3.7K	H3.7K
Thre	FR-D740-5.5K	5.5	30AF 30A	30AF 20A	S-N20, S-N21	S-N11, S-N12	3.5	2	H5.5K	H5.5K
	FR-D740-7.5K	7.5	30AF 30A	30AF 30A	S-N20, S-N21	S-N20, S-N21	3.5	3.5	H7.5K	H7.5K
2	FR-D720S-0.1K	0.1	30AF 5A	30AF 5A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	0.4K *7	0.4K *7
200V	FR-D720S-0.2K	0.2	30AF 5A	30AF 5A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	0.4K *7	0.4K *7
Single-phase	FR-D720S-0.4K	0.4	30AF 10A	30AF 10A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	0.75K *7	0.75K *7
hq-	FR-D720S-0.75K	0.75	30AF 15A	30AF 10A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	1.5K *7	1.5K *7
ngle	FR-D720S-1.5K	1.5	30AF 20A	30AF 20A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	2.2K *7	2.2K *7
Si	FR-D720S-2.2K	2.2	30AF 40A	30AF 30A	S-N20, S-N21	S-N10	3.5	2	3.7K *7	<b>3.7K</b> *7
<b>V00</b>	FR-D710W-0.1K	0.1	30AF 10A	30AF 5A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	0.75K *6, *7	*8
Single-Phase 100V	FR-D710W-0.2K	0.2	30AF 10A	30AF 10A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	1.5K *6, *7	*8
le-Ph	FR-D710W-0.4K	0.4	30AF 15A	30AF 15A	S-N10	S-N10	2	2	2.2K *6, *7	*8
Sing.	FR-D710W-0.75K	0.75	30AF 30A	30AF 20A	S-N10	S-N10	3.5	2	<b>3.7K</b> *6, *7	

### Peripheral devices/cable size list

\*1 Select an MCCB according to the inverter power supply capacity. Install one MCCB per inverter.



\*2 For installations in the United States or Canada, use the class T type fuse certified by the UL and cUL.

\*3 Magnetic contactor is selected based on the AC-1 class. The electrical durability of magnetic contactor is 500,000 times. When the magnetic contactor is used for emergency stop during motor driving, the electrical durability is 25 times.

When using the MC for emergency stop during motor driving or using on the motor side during commercial-power supply operation, select the MC with class AC-3 rated current for the motor rated current.

\*4 When using single-phase power input, terminals are R/L1 and S/L2.

\*5 The cable size is that of the cable (HIV cable (600V class 2 vinyl-insulated cable) etc.) with continuous maximum permissible temperature of 75°C. Assumes that the surrounding air temperature is 50°C or less and the wiring distance is 20m or less.

\*6 When connecting a single-phase 100V power input model to a power transformer (50kVA or more), install an AC reactor (FR-HAL) so that the performance is more reliable.

\*7 The power factor may be slightly lower.

\*8 Single-phase 100V power input model is not compatible with DC reactor.



#### Note

• When the inverter capacity is larger than the motor capacity, select an MCCB and a magnetic contactor according to the inverter type and cable and reactor according to the motor output.

• When the breaker on the inverter primary side trips, check for the wiring fault (short circuit), damage to internal parts of the inverter, etc. Identify the cause of the trip, then remove the cause and power on the breaker.

REARCE D700 series

### Selecting the rated sensitivity current for the earth leakage current breaker

When using the earth leakage current breaker with the inverter circuit, select its rated sensitivity current as follows, independently of the PWM carrier frequency.

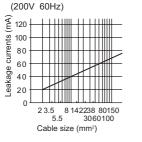
Breaker designed for harmonic and surge suppression

- Rated sensitivity current l∆n≥10×(lg1+lgn+lgi+lg2+lgm) Standard breaker
- Rated sensitivity current I∆n≥10×{Ig1+Ign+Igi+3X(Ig2+Igm)}

Ig1, Ig2: Leakage currents in wire path during commercial power supply operation

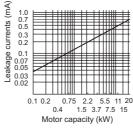
- Ign : Leakage current of inverter input side noise filter
- Igm : Leakage current of motor during commercial power supply operation
- Igi : Leakage current of inverter unit Example of leakage current of cable path per 1km during the commercial power supply operation during the commercial

of three-phase induction motor during the commercial power supply operation (200V 60Hz)

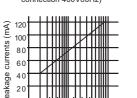


when the CV cable is routed in

metal conduit



Example of leakage current per 1km during the commercial power supply operation when the CV cable is routed in metal conduit (Three-phase three-wire delta connection 400V60Hz)



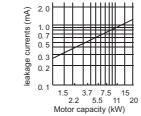
8 142238 80150 3060100

2 3.5 5.5

Cable size (mm<sup>2</sup>)

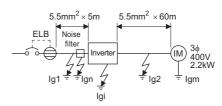
Example of leakage current of threephase induction motor during the commercial power supply operation (Totally-enclosed fan-cooled

type motor 400V60Hz)



For " / " connection, the amount of leakage current is appox.1/3 of the above value.

Example



(Note) 1 Install the earth leakage breaker (ELB) on the input side of the inverter.

2 In the 人 connection earthed-neutral system, the sensitivity current is blunt against an earth (ground) fault in the inverter output side. Earthing (Grounding) must conform to the requirements of national and local safety regulations and electrical codes. (NEC section 250, IEC 536 class 1 and other applicable standards)

#### Selection example

(in the case of the above figure (400V class  $\land$  connection))

	Breaker Designed for Harmonic and Surge Suppression	Standard Breaker		
Leakage current Ig1 (mA)	$\frac{1}{3} \times 66 \times \frac{5m}{1000m} = 0.11$			
Leakage current Ign (mA)	0 (without noise filter)			
Leakage current lgi (mA)	1			
Leakage current	$\frac{1}{2} \times 66 \times \frac{60}{1}$			
lg2 (mA)	3 1000	)m		
Motor leakage current Igm (mA)	0.3	6		
Total leakage current (mA)	2.79	6.15		
Rated sensitivity current (mA) ( $\geq$ lg × 10)	30	100		

Features

Standard Specifications

### Precautions for use of the inverter

A Safety Precautions

- To operate the inverter correctly and safely, be sure to read the "instruction manual" before starting operation.
- This product has not been designed or manufactured for use with any equipment or system operated under life-threatening conditions.
- Please contact our sales office when you are considering using this product in special applications such as passenger mobile, medical, aerospace, nuclear, power or undersea relay equipment or system.
- Although this product is manufactured under strict quality control, safety devices should be installed when a serious accident or loss is expected by a failure of this product.
- The load used should be a three-phase induction motor only.

### Operation

- A magnetic contactor (MC) provided on the input side should not be used to make frequent starts and stops. It could cause the inverter to fail.
- However, at this time, the motor cannot be brought to a sudden stop. Hence, provide a mechanical stopping/holding mechanism for the machine/equipment which requires an emergency stop.
- It will take time for the capacitor to discharge after shutoff of the inverter power supply. When accessing the inverter for inspection, wait for at least 10 minutes after the power supply has been switched off, and check to make sure that there are no residual voltage using a tester or the like.

### Wiring

- Application of power to the output terminals (U, V, W) of the inverter will damage the inverter. Therefore, fully check the wiring and sequence to ensure that wiring is correct, etc. before powering on.
- The terminals P/+, PR, P1, N/- are provided for connection of a dedicated option. Connect only a dedicated option. Do not short the frequency setting power supply terminal 10 and common terminal 5 or the terminal PC and terminal SD.

#### **Power supply**

 When the inverter is connected under a large-capacity power transformer (500kVA or more transformer) or when a power capacitor is to be switched over, an excessive peak current may flow in the power input circuit, damaging the inverter.

Power supply system 1000 capacity	Range requiring installation of the reactor
(kVA) 500	
0	Wiring length (m) 10

To prevent this, always install an optional AC reactor (FR-HAL). When connecting a single-phase 100V power input model to a power transformer (50kVA or more), install an AC reactor (FR-HAL) so that the performance is more reliable.

 If a surge voltage occurs in the power supply system, this surge energy may flow into the inverter, causing the inverter to display overvoltage protection (E.OV<sup>III</sup>) and come to an inverter trip. To prevent this, always install an optional AC reactor (FR-HAL).

#### Installation

- Avoid hostile environment where oil mist, fluff, dust particles, etc. are suspended in the air, and install the inverter in a clean place or put it in an ingress-protected "enclosed" enclosure. When placing the inverter in an enclosure, determine the cooling system and panel dimensions so that the surrounding air temperature of the inverter is within the permissible value. (*refer to page 7* for the specified value)
- Do not install the inverter on wood or other combustible material as it will be hot partly.
- Install the inverter in the vertical orientation.

#### Setting

- The inverter can be operated as fast as a maximum of 400Hz by parameter setting. Therefore, incorrect setting can cause a danger. Set the upper limit using the maximum frequency limit setting function.
- A setting higher than the initial value of DC injection brake operation voltage or operation time can cause motor overheat (electronic thermal relay error).
- Do not set *Pr. 70 Special regenerative brake duty* except for using the optional brake resistor. This function is used to protect the brake resistor from overheating. Do not set the value exceeding permissible duty of the brake resistor.

### **Precautions for selection**

#### Inverter capacity selection

 When operating a special motor or more than one motor in parallel with a single inverter, select the inverter capacity so that 1.1 times the total rated motor current is less than the rated output current of the inverter.

#### Starting torque of the motor

• The start and acceleration characteristics of the motor driven by the inverter are restricted by the overload current rating of that inverter. Generally the torque characteristic is less than when the motor is started by a commercial power supply. If torque boost adjustment or general-purpose magnetic flux vector control cannot provide enough torque when a large starting torque is necessary, select the inverter of one rank higher capacity or increase the capacities of both the motor and inverter.

### Acceleration/deceleration times

- The acceleration/deceleration time of the motor depends on the motor-generated torque, load torque and moment of inertia of the load (J).
- When the stall prevention function is activated during acceleration/deceleration, increase the acceleration/ deceleration time as the actual time may become longer.
- To decrease the acceleration/deceleration time, increase the torque boost value (setting of a too large value may activate the stall prevention function at a start, longer the acceleration time), use the general-purpose magnetic flux vector control or increase the inverter and motor capacities. To decrease the deceleration time, it is necessary to add optional brake resistor MRS type, MYS type, FR-ABR (for the 0.4K or more), the brake unit (FR-BU2), power regeneration common converter (FR-CV), or a similar device to absorb braking energy.

### Power transfer mechanism

#### (reduction gear, belt, chain, etc.)

• When an oil-lubricated gear box, speed change/reduction gear or similar device is used in the power transfer system, note that continuous operation at low speed only may deteriorate oil lubrication, causing seizure. When performing fast operation at higher than 60Hz, fully note that such operation will cause strength shortage due to the noise, life or centrifugal force of the power transfer mechanism.

### Instructions for overload operation

• When performing operation of frequent start/stop of the inverter, rise/fall in the temperature of the transistor element of the inverter will repeat due to a repeated flow of large current, shortening the life from thermal fatigue. Since thermal fatigue is related to the amount of current, the life can be increased by reducing current at locked condition, starting current, etc. Decreasing current may increase the life. However, decreasing current will result in insufficient torque and the inverter may not start. Therefore, choose the inverter which has enough allowance for current.

Operation panel Parameter unit

<sup>-</sup>eatures

Standard

Outline Dimension Drawings

# Installation and selection of moulded case circuit breaker

Install a moulded case circuit breaker (MCCB) on the power receiving side to protect the wiring of the inverter input side. For MCCB selection, refer to *page 25* since it depends on the inverter power supply side power factor (which changes depending on the power supply voltage, output frequency and load). Especially for a completely electromagnetic MCCB, one of a slightly large capacity must be selected since its operation characteristic varies with harmonic currents. (Check it in the data of the corresponding breaker.) As an earth leakage current breaker, use the Mitsubishi earth leakage current breaker designed for harmonics and surge suppression. (*Refer to page 26*)

When installing a moulded case circuit breaker on the output side of the inverter, contact each manufacturer for selection of the moulded case circuit breaker.

# Handling of the inverter input side magnetic contactor

- For operation via external terminal (terminal STF or STR used), provide an input side MC to prevent an accident caused by a natural restart at power recovery after a power failure, such as an instantaneous power failure, and to ensure safety for maintenance work. Do not use this magnetic contactor to make frequent starts and stops. (The switching life of the inverter input circuit is about 1,000,000 times.) For parameter unit operation, an automatic restart after power failure is not made and the MC cannot be used to make a start. Note that the primary side MC may be used to make a stop but the regenerative brake specific to the inverter does not operate and the motor is coasted to a stop.
- Installation of a magnetic contactor on the primary side is recommended. Since when cycle operation or heavy-duty operation is performed with an optional brake resistor connected, overheat and burnout of the electrical-discharge resistor can be prevented if a regenerative brake transistor is damaged due to insufficient heat capacity of the electricaldischarge resistor and excess regenerative brake duty. In this case, shut-off the magnetic contactor when fault occurs and inverter trips.

# Handling of the inverter output side magnetic contactor

Switch the magnetic contactor between the inverter and motor only when both the inverter and motor are at a stop. When the magnetic contactor is turned on while the inverter is operating, overcurrent protection of the inverter and such will activate. When an MC is provided for switching to the commercial power supply, for example, switch it on/off after the inverter and motor have stopped.

# Thermal relay installation

The inverter has an electronic thermal relay function to protect the motor from overheating. However, when running multiple motors with one inverter or operating a multi-pole motor, provide a thermal relay (OCR) between the inverter and motor. In this case, set the electronic thermal relay function of the inverter to 0A. And for the setting of the thermal relay, add the line-to line leakage current (*refer to page 30*) to the current value on the motor rating plate.

For low-speed operation where the cooling capability of the motor reduces, it is recommended to use a thermal relay protector incorporated motor.

# Measuring instrument on the output side

When the inverter-to-motor wiring length is large, especially in the 400V class, small-capacity models, the meters and CTs may generate heat due to line-to-line leakage current. Therefore, choose the equipment which has enough allowance for the current rating.

# Disuse of power factor improving capacitor (power capacitor)

The power factor improving capacitor and surge suppressor on the inverter output side may be overheated or damaged by the harmonic components of the inverter output. Also, since an excessive current flows in the inverter to activate overcurrent protection, do not install a capacitor or surge suppressor. For power factor improvement, use a DC reactor.

### Wire thickness and wiring distance

When the wiring length between the inverter and motor is long, use thick wires so that the voltage drop of the main circuit cable is 2% or less especially at low frequency output. (A selection example for the wiring distance of 20m is shown on *page 25*)

Especially at a long wiring distance, the maximum wiring length should be within the length in the table below since the overcurrent protection function may be misactivated by the influence of a charging current due to the stray capacitances of the wiring.

(The overall wiring length for connection of multiple motors should be within the value in the table below.)

Pr. 72 S (carrier free		0.1K	0.2K	0.4K	0.75K	1.5K	2.2K	3.7K or more
1 or less	100V 200V	200m	200m	300m	500m	500m	500m	500m
	400V	_	_	200m	200m	300m	500m	500m
2 to 15	100V 200V	30m	100m	200m	300m	500m	500m	500m
	400V	_	_	30m	100m	200m	300m	500m

When using the automatic restart after instantaneous power failure function with wiring length exceeding below, select "without frequency search" (Pr:162 = "1, 11").

Motor Capacity	0.1K	0.2K	0.4K or more
Wiring Length	20m	50m	100m

Use the recommended connection cable when connecting the parameter unit.

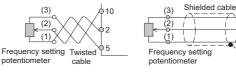
For remote operation via analog signal, wire the control cable between the operation box or operation signal and inverter within 30m and away from the power circuits (main circuit and relay sequence circuit) to prevent induction from other devices.

When using the external potentiometer instead of the parameter unit to set the frequency, use a shielded or twisted cable, and do not earth (ground) the shield, but connect it to terminal 5 as shown below.

10

) 2

5



Features

Standard

Outline Dimension Drawings

> ⊃aramete List

Protective Functions

Options

# Earth (Ground)

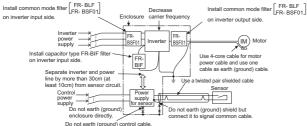
When the inverter is run in the low acoustic noise mode, more leakage currents occur than in the non-low acoustic noise mode due to high-speed switching operation. Be sure to earth (ground) the inverter and motor before use. In addition, always use the earth (ground) terminal of the inverter to earth (ground) the inverter. (Do not use the case and chassis)

### Noise

When performing low-noise operation at higher carrier frequency, electromagnetic noise tends to increase. Therefore, refer to the following measure example and consider taking the measures. Depending on the installation condition, the inverter may be affected by noise in a non-low noise (initial) status.

- The noise level can be reduced by decreasing the carrier frequency (*Pr. 72*).
- As measures against AM radio broadcasting noise, radio noise filter FR-BIF produces an effect.
- As measures against sensor malfunction, line noise filter FR-BSF01, FR-BLF produces an effect.
- As measures against induction noise from the power cable of the inverter, an effect is produced by putting a distance of 30cm (at least 10cm) or more and using a twisted pair shielded cable as a signal cable. Do not earth (ground) shield but connect it to signal common cable.

#### Noise reduction examples



### Leakage currents

Capacitances exist between the inverter I/O cables, other cables and earth and in the motor, through which a leakage current flows. Since its value depends on the static capacitances, carrier frequency, etc., low acoustic noise operation at the increased carrier frequency of the inverter will increase the leakage current. Therefore, take the following measures. Select the earth leakage current breaker according to its rated sensitivity current, independently of the carrier frequency setting. (*Refer to page 26*)

#### To-earth (ground) leakage currents

Туре	Influence and Measures
Influence and measures	<ul> <li>Leakage currents may flow not only into the inverter's own line but also into the other line through the earth (ground) cable, etc. These leakage currents may operate earth (ground) leakage circuit breakers and earth leakage relays unnecessarily.</li> <li>Countermeasures</li> <li>If the carrier frequency setting is high, decrease the <i>Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection</i> setting. Note that motor noise increases. Select <i>Pr. 240 Soft-PWM operation selection</i> to make the sound inoffensive.</li> <li>By using earth leakage circuit breakers designed for harmonic and surge suppression in the inverter's own line and other line, operation can be performed with the carrier frequency kept high (with low noise).</li> </ul>
Undesirable current path	Power supply NV1 Leakage breaker NV2 Motor C C Motor C C Motor C C Motor C C Motor C C Motor C C Motor C C Motor C C Motor C C C Motor C C C Motor C C C Motor C C C Motor C C C Motor C C C C Motor C C C C C C C C C C C C C

#### Line leakage current

Туре	Influence and Measures
Influence and measures	<ul> <li>This leakage current flows via a static capacitance between the inverter output cables.</li> <li>The external thermal relay may be operated unnecessarily by the harmonics of the leakage current. When the wiring length is long (50m or more) for the 400V class model, the external thermal relay is likely to operate unnecessarily because the ratio of the leakage current to the rated motor current increases.</li> <li>Countermeasures</li> <li>Use <i>Pr.9 Electronic thermal O/L relay</i>.</li> <li>If the carrier frequency setting is high, decrease the <i>Pr. 72 PWM frequency selection</i> setting. Note that motor noise increases. Select <i>Pr. 240 Soft-PWM operation selection</i> to make the sound inoffensive. To ensure that the motor is protected against line-to-line leakage currents, it is recommended to use a temperature sensor to directly detect motor temperature.</li> </ul>
Undesirable current path	Power supply

#### Harmonic suppression guideline

Harmonic currents flow from the inverter to a power receiving point via a power transformer. The harmonic suppression guideline was established to protect other consumers from these outgoing harmonic currents.

The three-phase 200V input specifications 3.7kW or less, singlephase 200V input specifications 2.2kW or less, single-phase 100V input specifications 0.75kW or less are previously covered by "Harmonic suppression guideline for household appliances and general-purpose products" and other models are covered by "Harmonic suppression guideline for consumers who receive high voltage or special high voltage". However, the transistorized inverter has been excluded from the target products covered by "Harmonic suppression guideline for household appliances and general-purpose products" in January 2004 and "Harmonic suppression guideline for household appliances and generalpurpose products" was repealed on September 6, 2004.

All capacity and all models of general-purpose inverter used by specific consumers are covered by "Harmonic suppression guideline for consumers who receive high voltage or special high voltage".

 "Harmonic suppression guideline for consumers who receive high voltage or special high voltage"

This guideline sets forth the maximum values of harmonic currents outgoing from a high-voltage or especially high-voltage consumer who will install, add or renew harmonic generating equipment. If any of the maximum values is exceeded, this guideline requires that consumer to take certain suppression measures.

Users who use models other than the target models are not covered by the guideline. However, we ask to connect an AC reactor or a DC reactor as before to the users who are not covered by the guideline. For compliance to the harmonic suppression guideline for consumers who receive high voltage or special high voltage

Input Power Supply	Target Capacity	Countermeasures
Single-phase 100V Single-phase 200V Three-phase 200V Three-phase 400V	All capacities	<ul> <li>Make a judgment based on "Harmonic suppression guideline for consumers who receive high voltage or special high voltage" issued by the Japanese Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry (formerly Ministry of International Trade and Industry) in September 1994 and take measures if necessary. For calculation method of power supply harmonics, refer to materials below.</li> <li>Reference materials</li> <li>"Harmonic suppression measures of the inverter" Jan. 2004 Japan Electrical Manufacturer's Association</li> <li>"Calculation method of harmonic current of the general-purpose inverter used by specific consumers" JEM-TR201 (revised in Dec. 2003): Japan Electrical Manufacturer's Association</li> </ul>

For compliance to "Harmonic suppression guideline of the transistorized inverter (input current of 20A or less) for consumers other than specific consumers" published by JEMA.

Input Power Supply	Target Capacity	Countermeasures
Single- phase 100V	0.75kW or less	Connect the AC reactor or DC reactor recommended in a catalog or an instruction manual.
Single- phase 200V	2.2kW or less	Reference materials <ul> <li>"Harmonic suppression guideline of the general-purpose inverter (input current of</li> </ul>
Three- phase 200V	3.7kW or less	20A or less)" JEM-TR226 (revised in Dec. 2003): Japan Electrical Manufacturer's Association

Calculation of outgoing harmonic current

Outgoing harmonic current = fundamental wave current (value converted from received power voltage) × operation ratio × harmonic content

•Operation ratio: Operation ratio = actual load factor operation

time ratio during 30 minutes

•Harmonic content: Found in Table.

Table 1: Harmonic Contents (Values at the fundamental current of 100%)

	Reactor	5th	7th	11th	13th	17th	19th	23rd	25th
	Not used	65	41	8.5	7.7	4.3	3.1	2.6	1.8
Three-phase bridge	Used (AC side)	38	14.5	7.4	3.4	3.2	1.9	1.7	1.3
(Capacitor	Used (DC side)	30	13	8.4	5.0	4.7	3.2	3.0	2.2
smoothing)	Used (AC, DC sides)	28	9.1	7.2	4.1	3.2	2.4	1.6	1.4
Single-phase	Not used	50	24	5.1	4.0	1.5	1.4		
bridge (Capacitor smoothing)	Used (AC side)*	6.0	3.9	1.6	1.2	0.6	0.1	_	_

The harmonic contents for "single-phase bridge/with reactor" in the table 1 are values when the reactor value is 20%. Since a 20% reactor is large and considered to be not practical, harmonic contents when a 5% reactor is used is written in the technical data JEM-TR201 of The Japan Electrical Manufacturers'

Association and this value is recommended for calculation for the actual practice.

Table 2: Rated Capacities and Outgoing Harmonic Currents for Three-phase Inverter Drive

_ 2		ted nt [A]	al Wave Current from 6.6kV (mA)	( KVA)	Ou			onic C 6.6kV r, 100%	(mA)			om
Applied Motor kW	200V	400V	Fundamental Wave Converted from 6.6	Rated Capacity	5th	7th	11th	13th	17th	19th	23rd	25th
0.4	1.61	0.81	49	0.57	31.85	20.09	4.165	3.773	2.107	1.519	1.274	0.882
0.75	2.74	1.37	83	0.97	53.95	34.03	7.055	6.391	3.569	2.573	2.158	1.494
1.5	5.50	2.75	167	1.95	108.6	68.47	14.20	12.86	7.181	5.177	4.342	3.006
2.2	7.93	3.96	240	2.81	156.0	98.40	20.40	18.48	10.32	7.440	6.240	4.320
3.7	13.0	6.50	394	4.61	257.1	161.5	33.49	30.34	16.94	12.21	10.24	7.092
5.5	19.1	9.55	579	6.77	376.1	237.4	49.22	44.58	24.90	17.95	15.05	10.42
7.5	25.6	12.8	776	9.07	504.4	318.2	65.96	59.75	33.37	24.06	20.18	13.97

# FR-D700 Series Specification Difference List

Item	Japanese Specification	NA Specification	EC Specification	CHT Specification
	FR-D720-0.1K to 7.5K	FR-D720-008 to 318-NA	•	•
Applicable Capacity	FR-D740-0.4K to 7.5K	FR-D740-012 to 160-NA	FR-D740-012 to 160-EC	FR-D740-0.4K to 7.5K-CHT
	FR-D720S-0.1K to 2.2K	FR-D720S-008 to 100-NA	FR-D720S-008 to 100-EC	FR-D720S-0.1K to 2.2K-CHT
Туре	FR-D710W-0.1K to 0.75K	FR-D710W-008 to 042-NA	Type : Rated current value	Type : Rated capacity (kW)
	Type : Rated capacity (kW)	Type : Rated current value		
Main Circuit Terminal		·		
Name		0 <b>T</b>		0.1.0
AC Power Input	- R, i	S, T	L1, L	.2, L3
Three-phase Input				
Single-phase Input	R	, S	L1	, N
Brake Unit	П	N		
Connection	Г,	Ν	+	, -
Control Terminal Logic	Sink logio	Sink lasia	Source Legie	Sink Jacia
Initial Setting	Sink logic	Sink logic	Source logic	Sink logic
Control Terminal				
Contact Input Common				
Terminal	SD	SD	PC	SD
Initial Setting				
Monitor Output				
Terminal For Indicator	FM (Digital output)	AM (Analog output)	AM (Analog output)	AM (Analog output)
Parameter				
Pr.3, Pr.4, Pr.20,	-			
· · · · · ·				
<i>Pr.55, Pr.66, Pr.84,</i>	60Hz	60Hz	50Hz	50Hz
Pr.125, Pr.126, Pr.903,				
Pr.905, Pr.923				
Initial Value				
Pr.19 Initial Value	9999	9999	8888	9999
Pr.145 Initial Value	0	1	1	1
Pr.160 Initial Value	9999	0	9999	9999
Pr.249 Initial Value	0	0	1	1
Indianter Outrut	Pr.54 FM terminal function	Pr.158 AM terminal function	Pr.158 AM terminal function	Pr.158 AM terminal function
Indicator Output	selection,	selection,	selection,	selection,
Terminal Function	Pr.900 FM terminal	Pr:901 AM terminal	Pr.901 AM terminal	Pr.901 AM terminal
Traverse Function	calibration	calibration	calibration	calibration
	Without	Without	With	With
Pr.592 to Pr.597				

Instructions

 $\operatorname{REQROL} D700$  series

Difference

Warranty International FA Center

# Warranty

### 1. Gratis warranty period and coverage

[Gratis warranty period]

Note that an installation period of less than one year after installation in your company or your customer's premises or a period of less than18 months (counted from the date of production) after shipment from our company, whichever is shorter, is selected.

#### [Coverage]

(1) Diagnosis of failure

As a general rule, diagnosis of failure is done on site by the customer.

However, Mitsubishi or Mitsubishi service network can perform this service for an agreed upon fee upon the customer's request.

There will be no charges if the cause of the breakdown is found to be the fault of Mitsubishi.

(2) Breakdown repairs

There will be a charge for breakdown repairs, exchange replacements and on site visits for the following four conditions even in gratis warranty period, otherwise there will be no charge.

1)Breakdowns due to improper storage, handling, careless accident, software or hardware design by the customer. 2)Breakdowns due to modifications of the product without the consent of the manufacturer.

3)Breakdowns resulting from using the product outside the specified specifications of the product.

4)Breakdowns that are outside the terms of warranty.

Since the above services are limited to Japan, diagnosis of failures, etc. are not performed abroad. If you desire the after service abroad, please register with Mitsubishi. For details, consult us in advance.

2. Exclusion of opportunity loss from warranty liability

Regardless of the gratis warranty term, compensation to opportunity losses incurred to your company or your customers by failures of Mitsubishi products and compensation for damages to products other than Mitsubishi products and other services are not covered under warranty.

- 3. Repair period after production is discontinued Mitsubishi shall accept product repairs for seven years after production of the product is discontinued.
- 4. Terms of delivery

In regard to the standard product, Mitsubishi shall deliver the standard product without application settings or adjustments to the customer and Mitsubishi is not liable for on site adjustment or test run of the product.

### International FA Center



#### North American FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC AUTOMATION, INC. 500 Corporate Woods Parkway, Vernon Hills, IL60061 U.S.A TEL. +1-847-478-2100 FAX. +1-847-478-0327

#### Taiwan FA Center

SETSUYO ENTERPRISE CO., LTD. 6F No.105, Wu Kung 3rd RD, Wu-Ku Hsiang Taipei Hsien, 248, Taiwan

TEL. +886-2-2299-2499 FAX. +886-2-2299-2509

#### Korean FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC AUTOMATION KOREA CO., LTD. B1F,2F, 1480-6, Gayang-Dong, Gangseo-Gu, Seoul, 157-200, Korea

TEL. +82-2-3660-9607 FAX. +82-2-3664-0475

### Beijing FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC AUTOMATION (SHANGHAI) LTD. BEIJING OFFICE 9F Office Tower 1, Henderson Center, 18 Jianguomennei Avenue, Dongcheng District, Beijing, China 100005

TEL. +86-10-6518-8830 FAX. +86-10-6518-8030

#### Tianjin FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC AUTOMATION (SHANGHAI) LTD. TIANJIN OFFICE B-2 801/802, Youyi Building, No.50 Youyi Road, Hexi District, Tianjin, China 300061 TEL +86-22-2813-1015 FAX. +86-22-2813-1017

#### Shanghai FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC AUTOMATION (SHANGHAI) LTD. 4/F Zhi Fu Plazz, No.80 Xin Chang Road, Shanghai, China 200003

TEL. +86-21-6121-2460 FAX. +86-21-6121-2424

#### ASEAN FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC ASIA PTE, LTD. 307 Alexandra Road #05-01/02, Mitsubishi Electric Building, Singapore 159943 TEL. +65-6470-2480 FAX. +65-6476-7439

#### Hong Kong FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC AUTOMATION (Hong Kong) LTD. 10th Floor, Manulife Tower, 169 Electric Road, North Point, Hong Kong TEL.+852-2887-8870 FAX. +852-2887-7984

#### European FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC EUROPE B. V. GERMAN BRANCH Gothaer Strasse 8, D-40880 Ratingen, Germany TEL. +49-2102-486-0 FAX. +49-2102-486-1120

#### •UK FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC EUROPE B. V. UK BRANCH Travellers Lane, Hatfield, Hertfordshire, AL10 8XB, UK. TEL. +44-1707-276100 FAX. +44-1707-278695

#### Thailand FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC AUTOMATION (THAILAND) CO., LTD. Bang-Chan Industrial Estate No.111, Soi Serithai 54, T.Kannayao, A.Kannayao, Bangkok 10230 TEL. +66-2-906-3238 FAX. +66-2-906-3239

#### • Guangzhou FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC AUTOMATION (SHANGHAI) LTD. GUANGZHOU OFFICE Rm.1609, North Tower, The Hub Center, No.1068, Xing Gang East Road, Haizhu District, Guangzhou, China 510335 TEL. +86-20-8923-6713 FAX. +86-20-8923-6715

#### Central and Eastern Europe FA Center

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC EUROPE B.V. CZECH BRANCH Avenir Business Park, Radlicka 714/113a,158 00 Praha 5, Czech Republic

TEL. +420-251-551-470 FAX. +420-251-551-471

Protective Functions

Options

Instructions